



# Theory

Adsorption of elements 112 and 114 on inert surfaces

J. Chem. Phys. **128**, 024707 (2008)

TABLE VI. Radii of the maximum charge density of the  $np_{1/2}$  AOs,  $R_{\max}(np_{1/2})$  (in a.u.), van der Waals radii  $R_{\text{vdW}}$  (in a.u.), polarizabilities  $\alpha$  (in a.u.), and adsorption enthalpies  $-\Delta H_{\text{ads}}$  (in kJ/mol) of group 14 elements on inert surfaces.

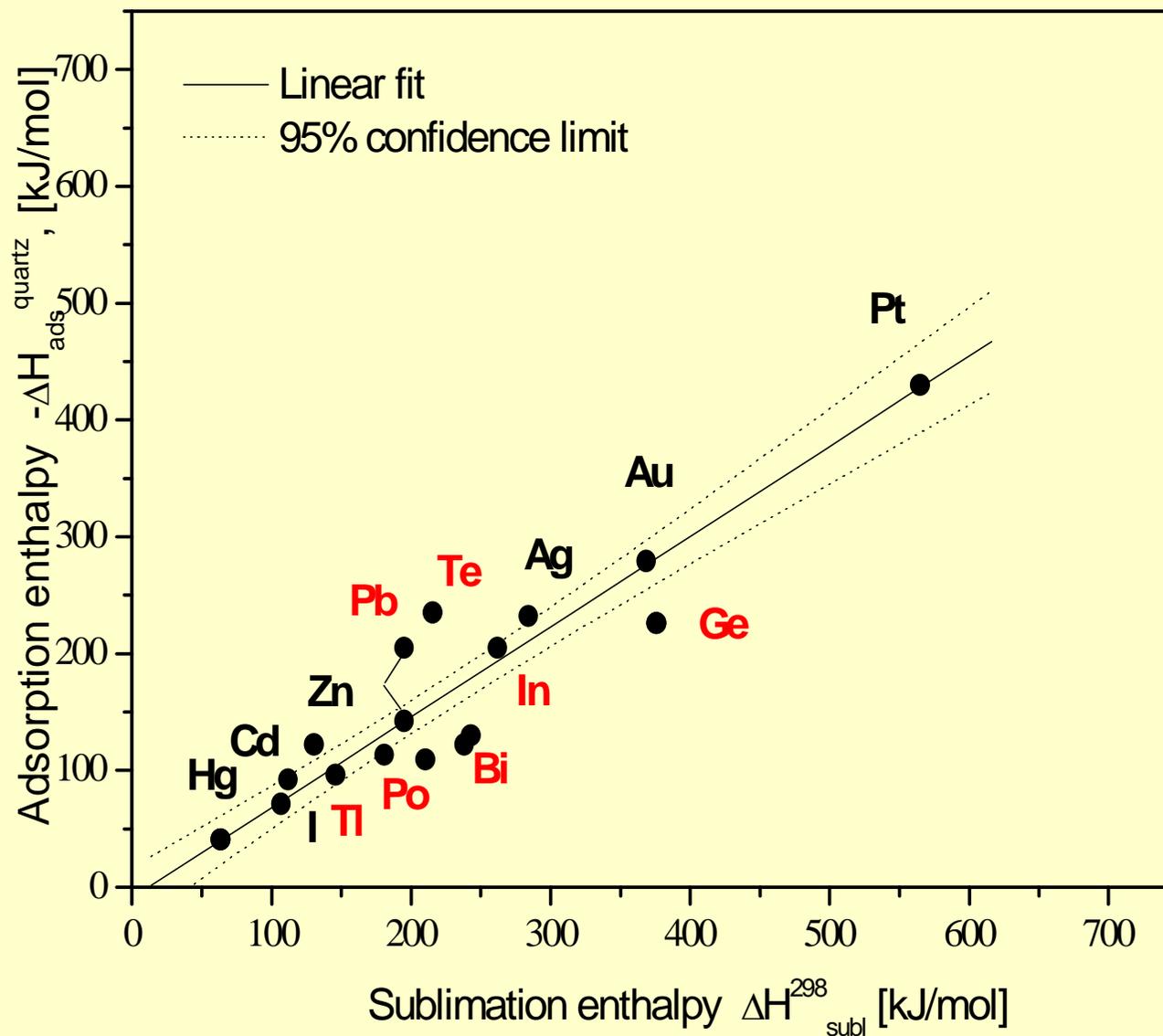
Radius	C	Si	Ge	Sn	Pb	114
$R_{\max}(np_{1/2})$	1.217	2.174	2.233	2.540	2.471	2.251
$R_{\text{vdW}}$	3.21	3.968 <sup>a</sup>	3.921 <sup>b</sup>	4.1 <sup>a</sup>	4.062 <sup>b</sup>	3.94 <sup>b</sup>
			4.61 <sup>c</sup>		3.82 <sup>a</sup>	
$\alpha$	11.877	36.31	40.96	51.96	45.89	29.52 <sup>d</sup>
$-\Delta H_{\text{ads}}$ (quartz)	18.15	24.57	28.19	29.92	27.34	20.97
$-\Delta H_{\text{ads}}$ (ice)	17.56	23.65	27.13	28.76	26.29	20.20
$-\Delta H_{\text{ads}}$ (Teflon)	8.91	12.22	14.04	14.94	13.65	10.41

<sup>a</sup>Reference 26.

<sup>b</sup>This work via correlation (Fig. 5).

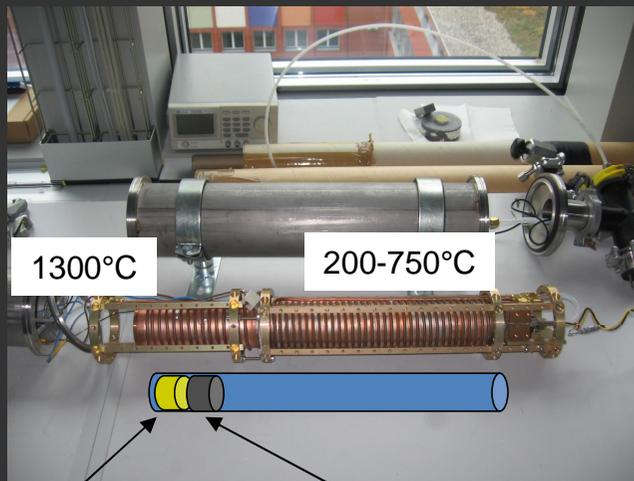
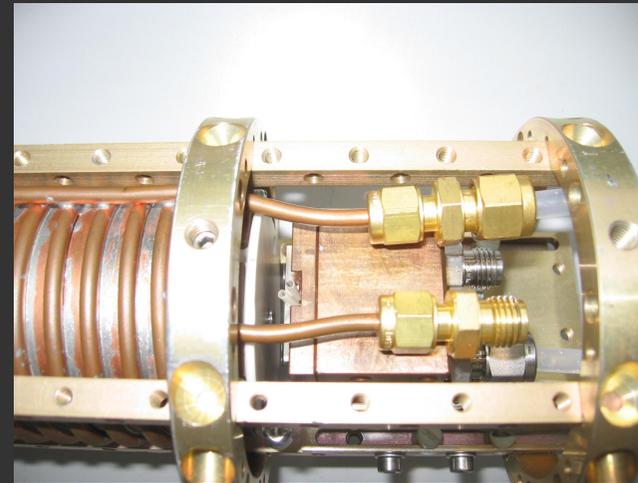
<sup>c</sup>Reference 35.

<sup>d</sup>Corrected for the difference with experiment for Pb.

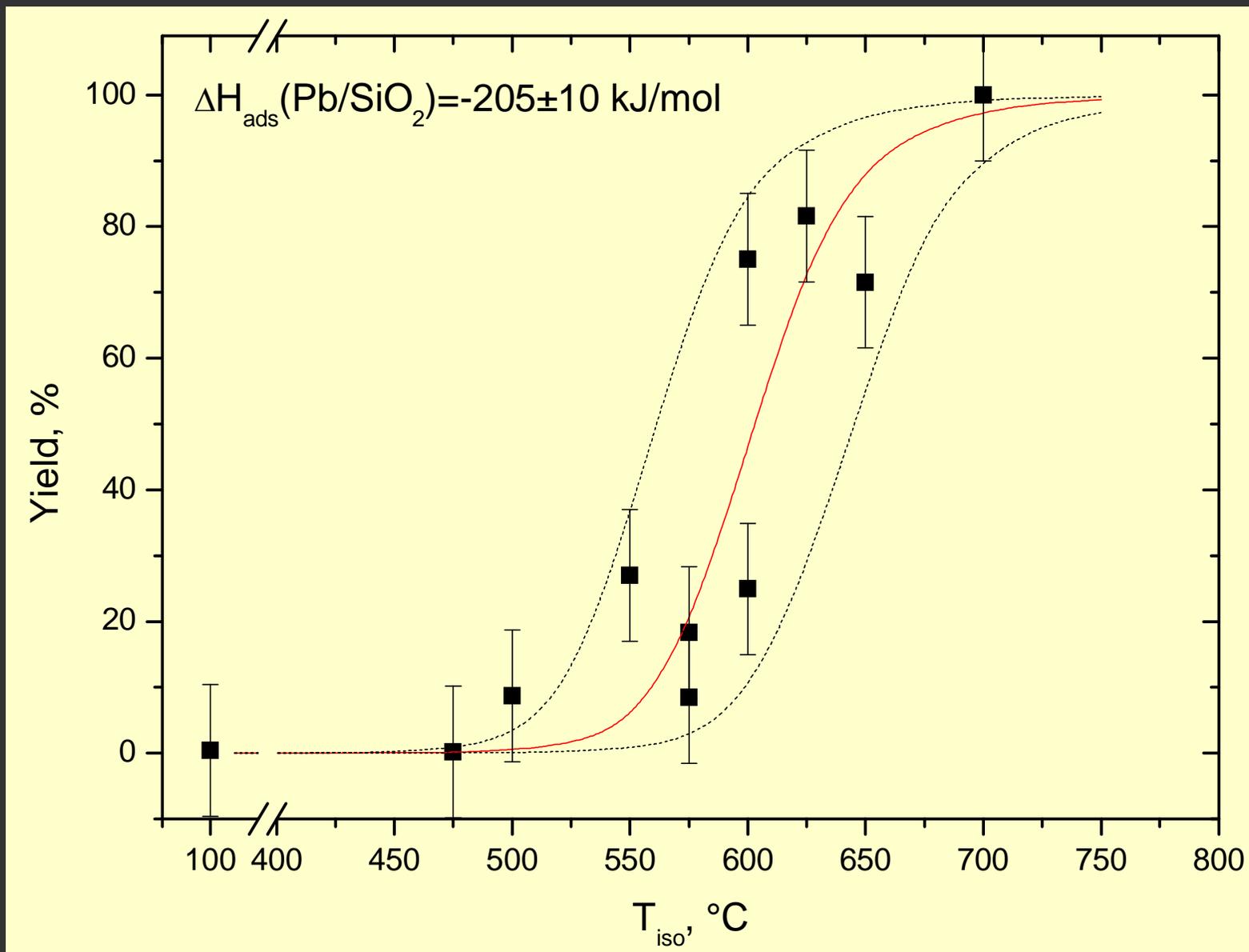


# Vacuumchromatography of elemental Pb IVAC 2009

$10^{-6}$  mbar



# Vacuum chromatography of elemental Pb



# *Chemical investigation of element 114*

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# Chemistry of Transactinides

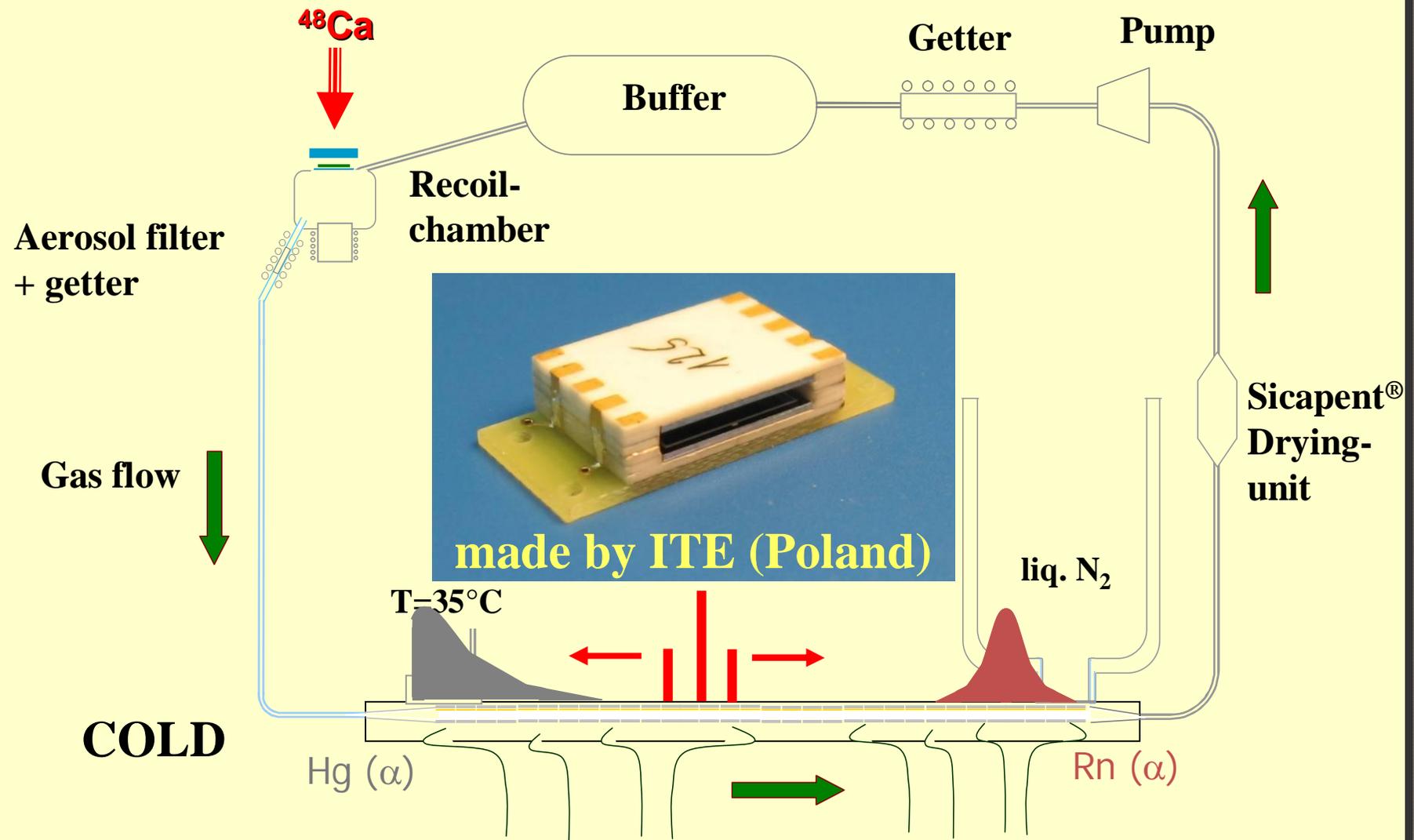
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
H																	He
Li	Be											B	C	N	O	F	Ne
Na	Mg											Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe
Cs	Ba	La*	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
Fr	Ra	Ac**	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	112	113	114	115	116		118

Closed shell atoms???

\* Ce Pr Nd Pm Sm Eu Gd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu

\*\* Th Pa U Np Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Es Fm Md No Lr

# Thermochromatography with SHE

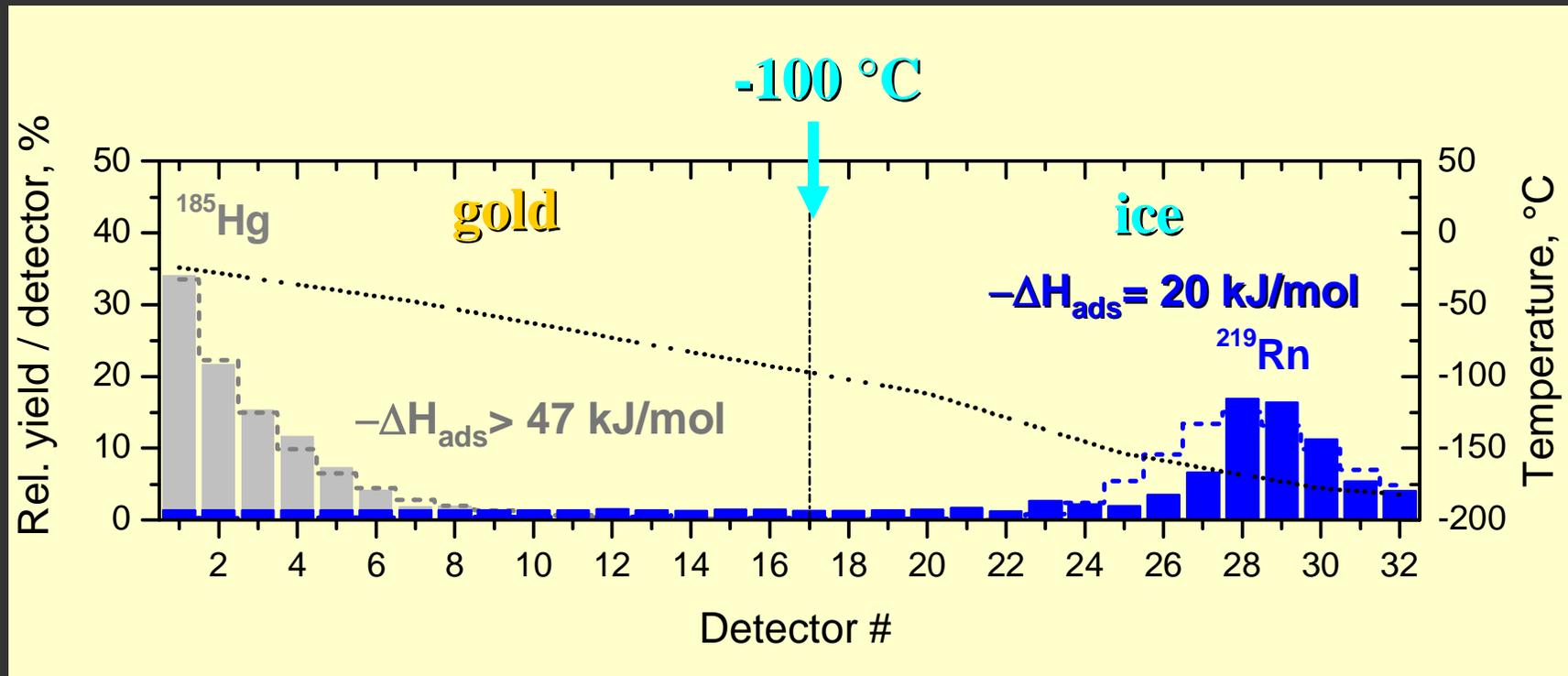


# Hg and Rn ?

## Deposition of $^{185}\text{Hg}$ and $^{219}\text{Rn}$ along COLD

$^{142}\text{Nd}(^{48}\text{Ca},5n)^{185}\text{Hg}$   
admixture  $^{\text{nat}}\text{Nd}$  ( $50\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ )

From multinucleon transfer reactions



# The Observation of $^{283}\text{Cn}$ @ FLNR 2006/2007

## Reported at FLNR:

Oganessian et al. 2004

Confirmed 114 and 116 discovery.

$^{291}116$

6.3 ms

10.7 MeV

## Observed in Chemistry:

$^{242}\text{Pu} (^{48}\text{Ca}, 3n) ^{287}114$

$6.2 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$  during eff. 32 days  
(8 weeks absolute)

$^{287}114$

0.51 s

10.02 MeV

$^{283}112$

4 s

9.54 MeV

$^{283}112$

9.38 MeV

$^{283}112$

9.47 MeV

$^{283}112$

9.52 MeV

$^{283}112$

9.35 MeV

$^{283}112$

9.52 MeV

$^{279}\text{Ds}$

0.18 s

SF(>90%)

205 MeV

$^{279}\text{Ds}$

$\tau$ : 0.592 s

SF

108+123 MeV

$^{279}\text{Ds}$

$\tau$ : 0.536 s

SF

127+105 MeV

$^{279}\text{Ds}$

$\tau$ : 0.072 s

SF

112+n.d. MeV

$^{279}\text{Ds}$

$\tau$ : 0.773 s

SF

85+12 MeV

$^{279}\text{Ds}$

$\tau$ : 0.088 s

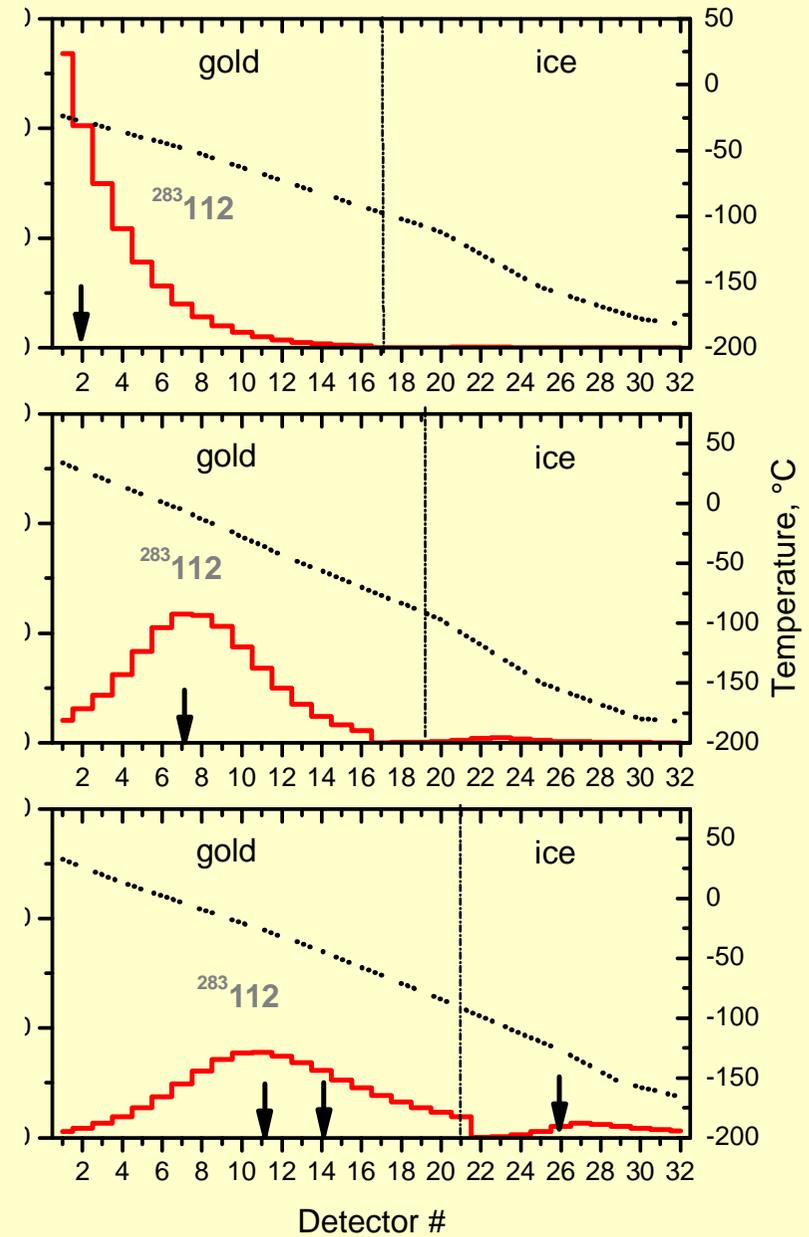
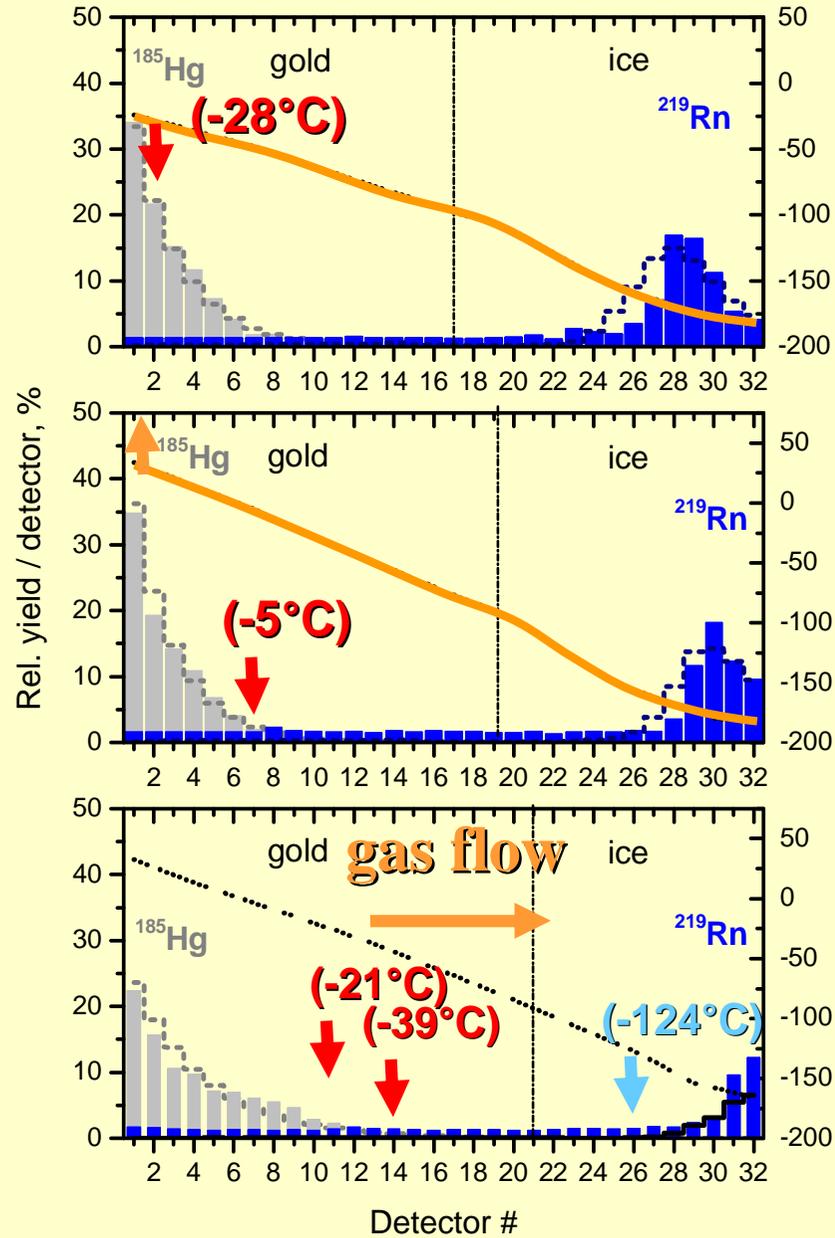
SF

94+51 MeV

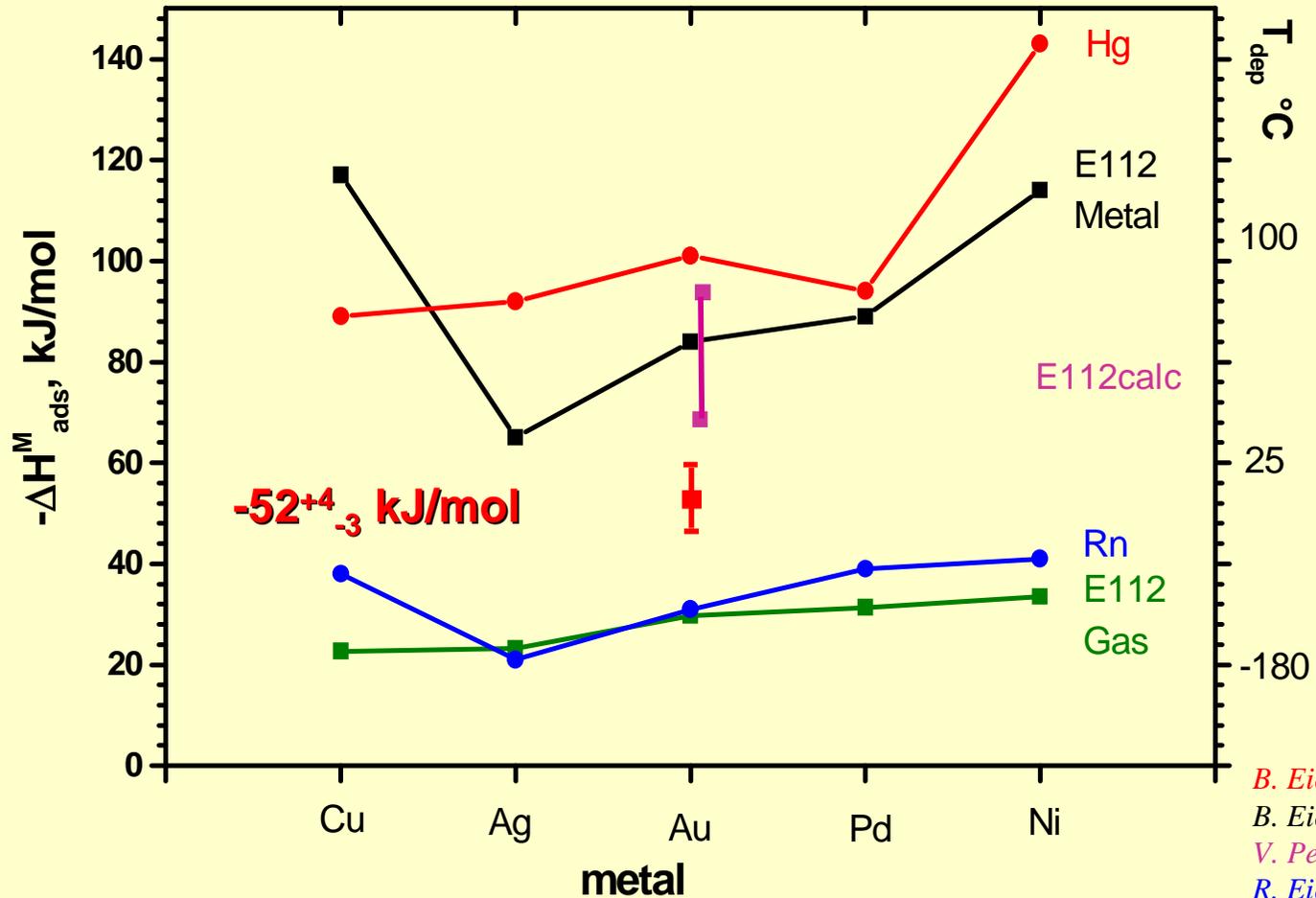
$N_R < 1E-5$

$N_R = 5E-2$

# Experiment Results Simulation



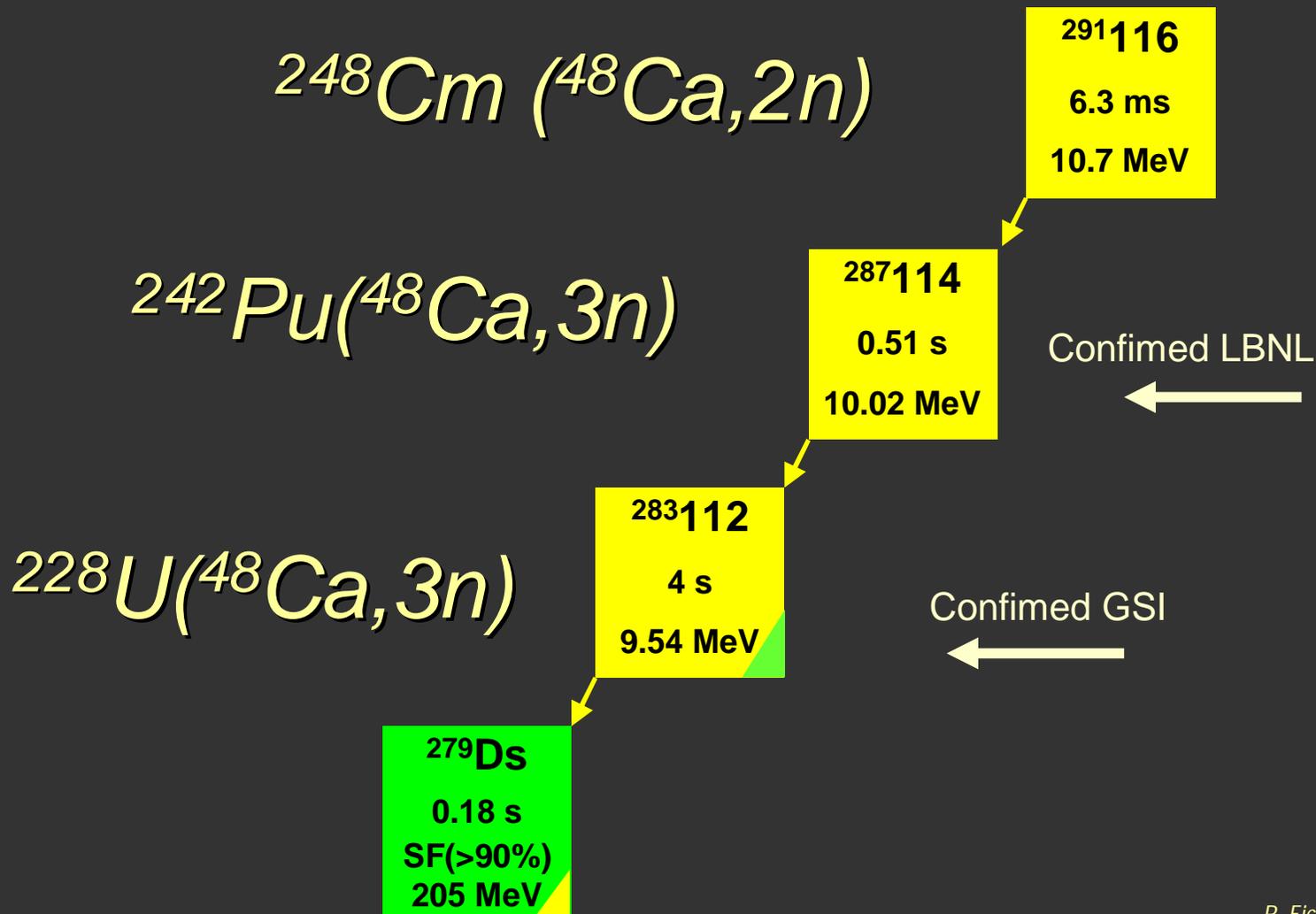
# The Adsorption on Gold



*B. Eichler 1985*  
*B. Eichler 2003*  
*V. Pershina et al. 2005/08*  
*R. Eichler et al. 2002*  
*R. Eichler et al. 2002*

Result was used to improve the prediction models.

# The Observation @ FLNR 2001-2004



# Preliminary Results with Element 114

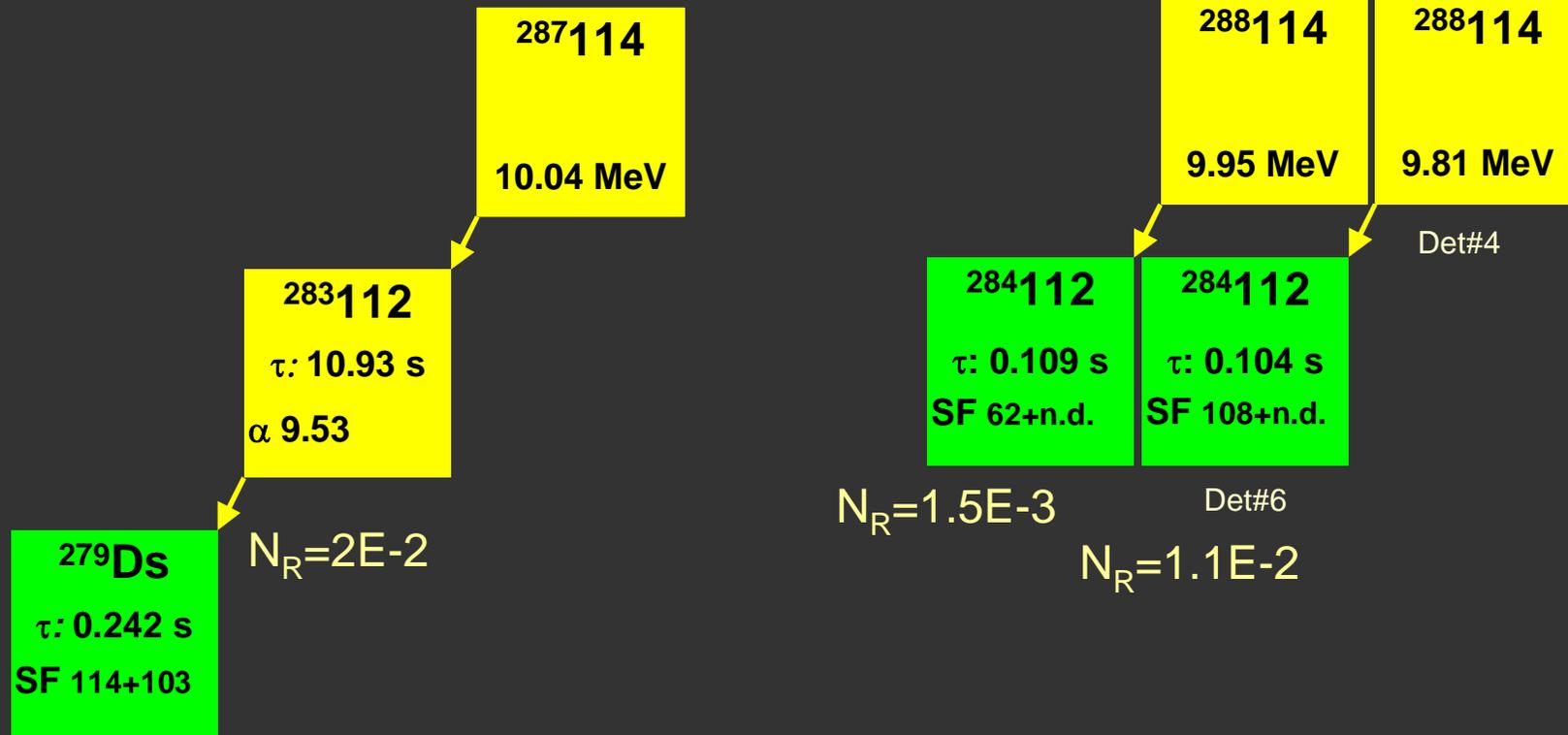
Dubna 2007



$3.1 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$  during 16 days



$3.2 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$  during 16 days



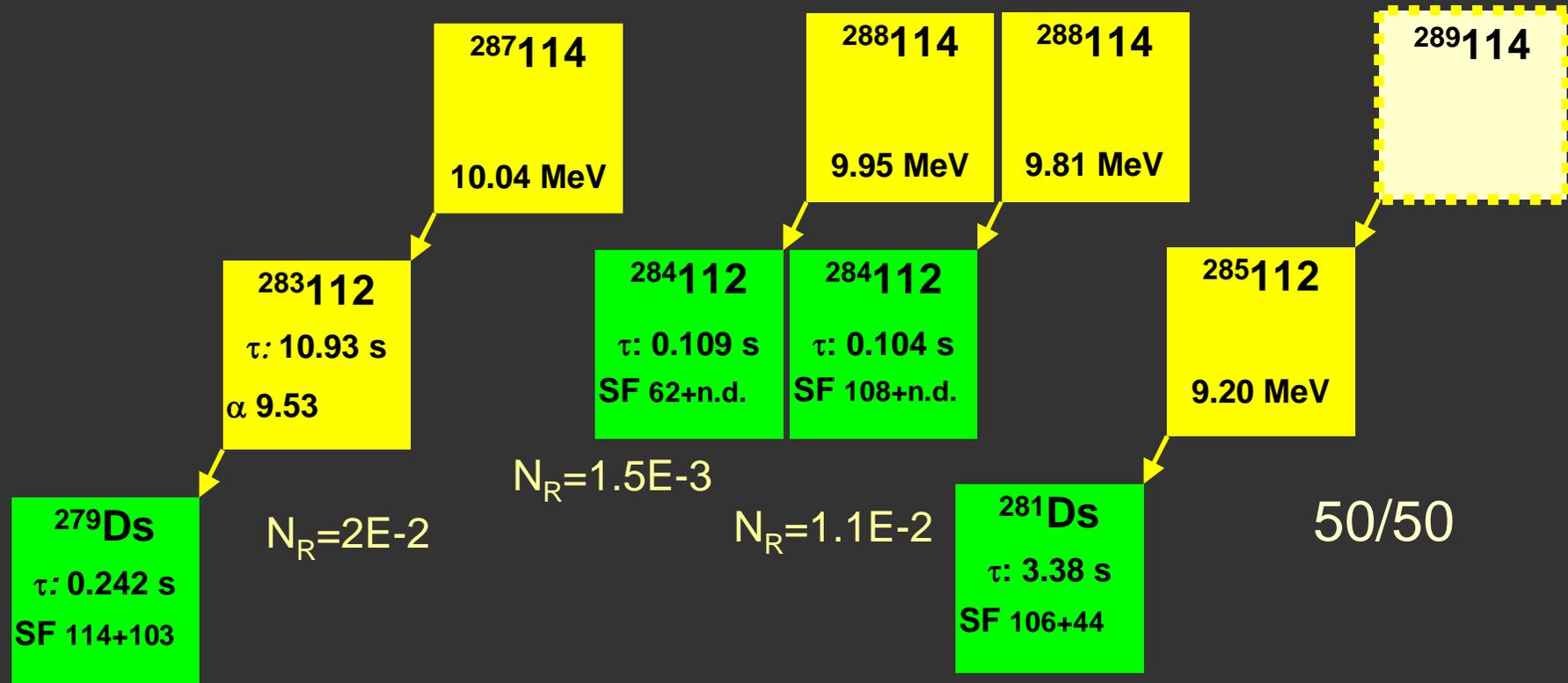
# Preliminary Results

Dubna 2007/2008



$3.1 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$  during 16 days

$1.43 \cdot 10^{19}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$  during 51 days

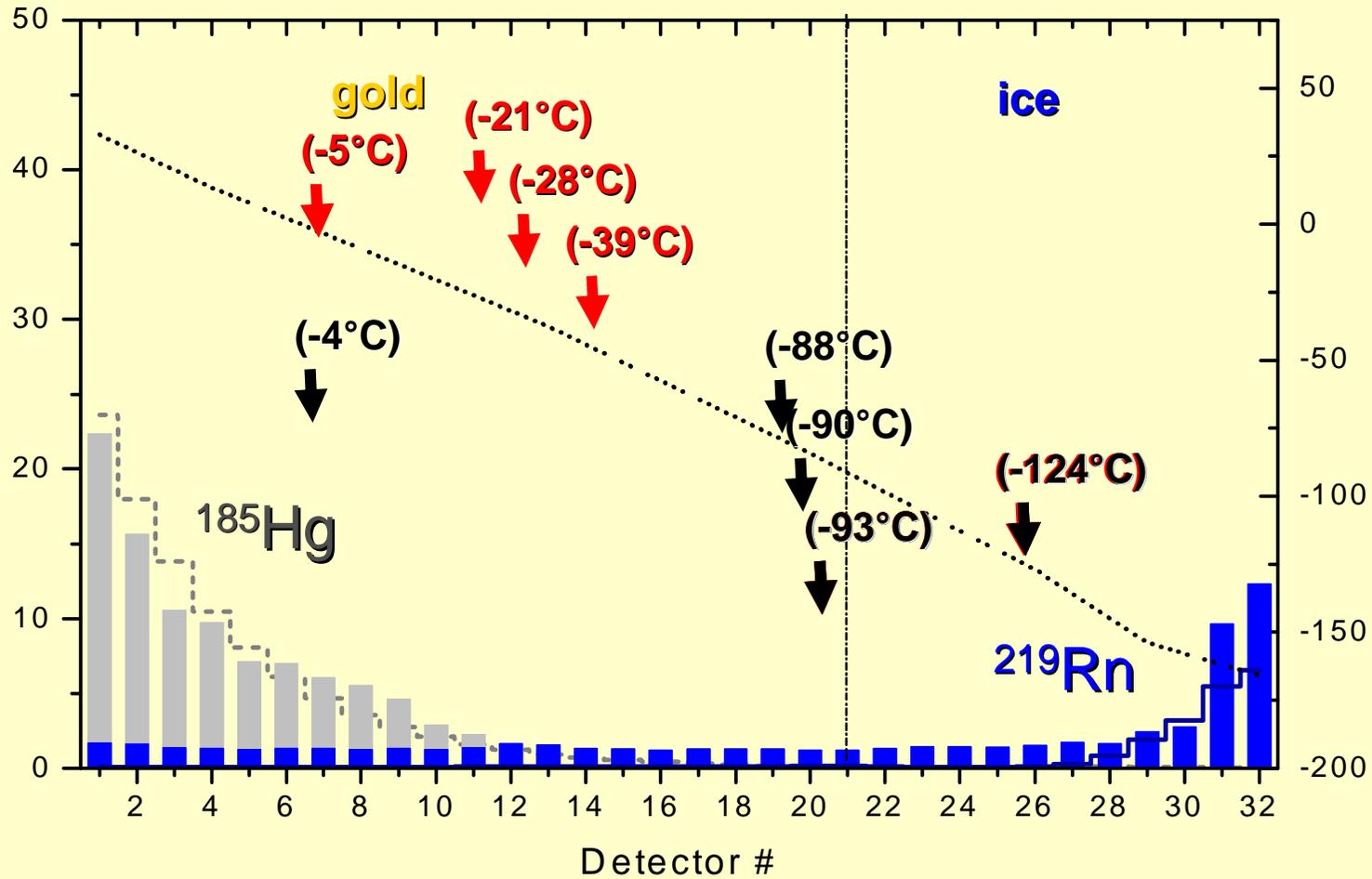


D. Wittwer et al. Gas Phase Chemical Studies of Superheavy Elements  
Using the Dubna Gas-filled Recoil Separator- Stopping Range Determination.  
NIM B 2009 accepted

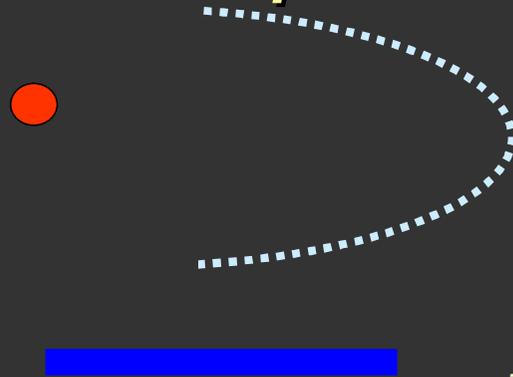
$N_R = 1.8E-3$

R. Eichler CHE, Mainz October 2009

# Preliminary results (2007/2008)



# Kinetic model of linear gas adsorption chromatography



Zvara, I., *Radiochim. Acta* 38, 95 (1985).

**Frenkel-type adsorption kinetics:**

$$\tau_a = \tau_o \cdot \exp(-\Delta H_{ads}/RT)$$

phonon frequency of the surface material :  $\tau_o$

**gas transport through tubes:  
laminar flow, kinetic gas theory**

$\Delta H_{ads}$

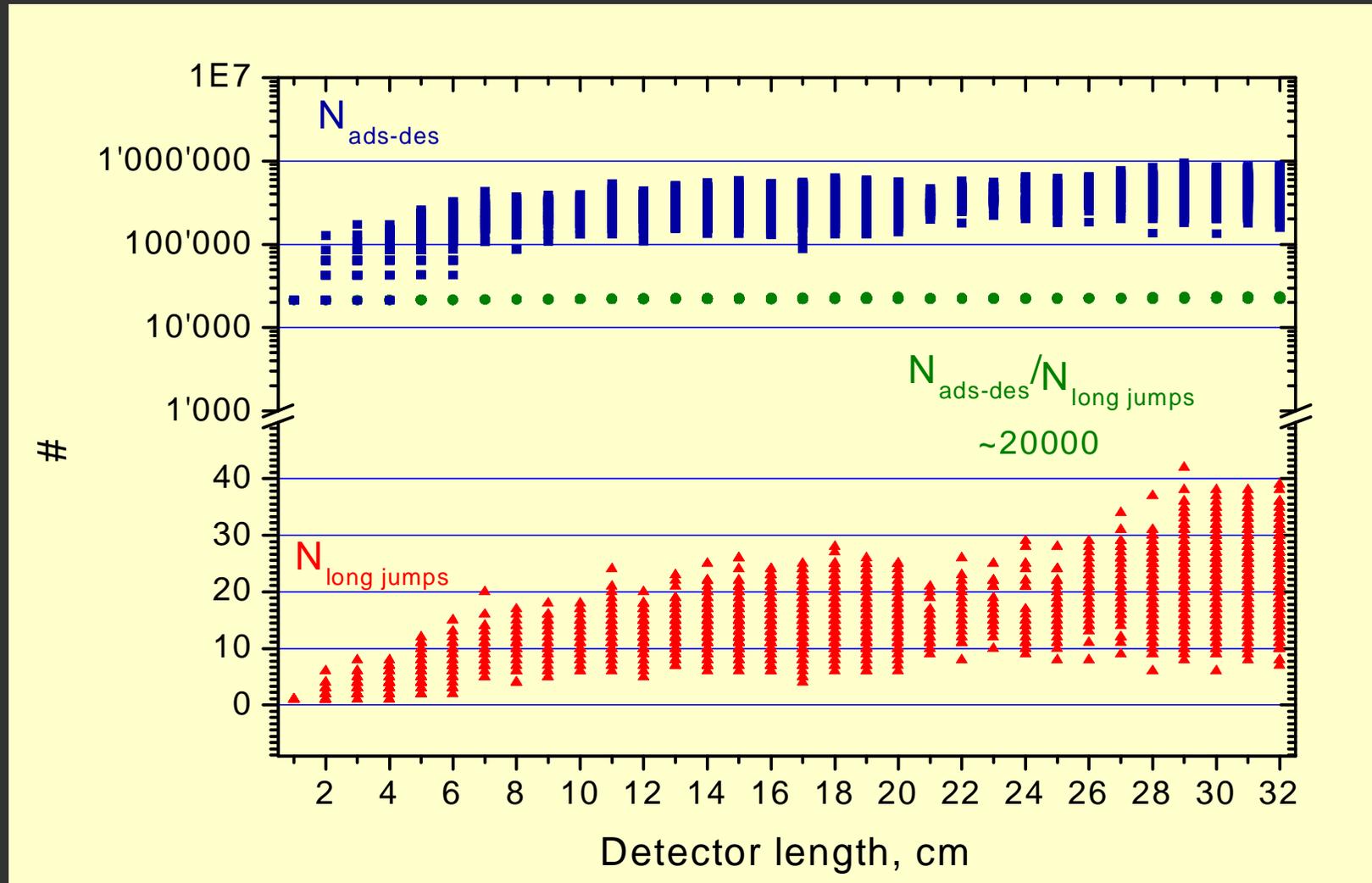
**diffusion in the carrier gas  
Gilliland eqn.**

**for short-lived isotopes  
radioactive decay:  $t_{1/2}/\ln(2)$   
else:  $t_{exp}$**

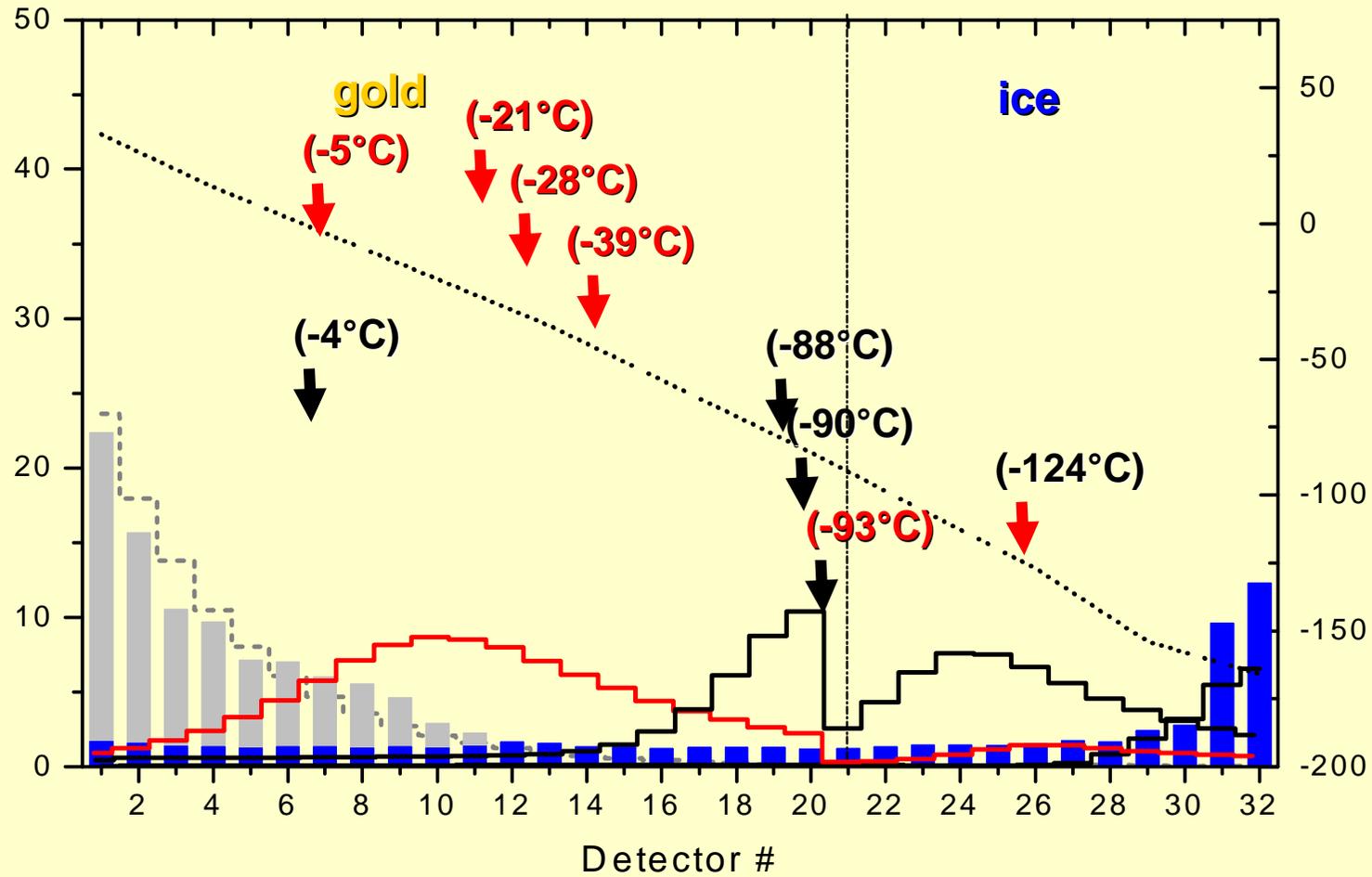
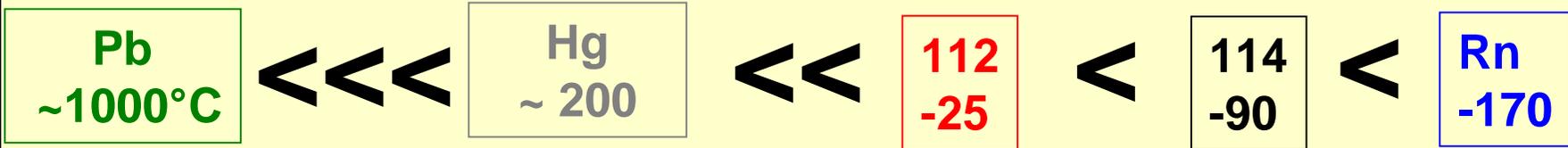
**Monte Carlo Simulation**

R. Eichler CHE, Mainz October 2009

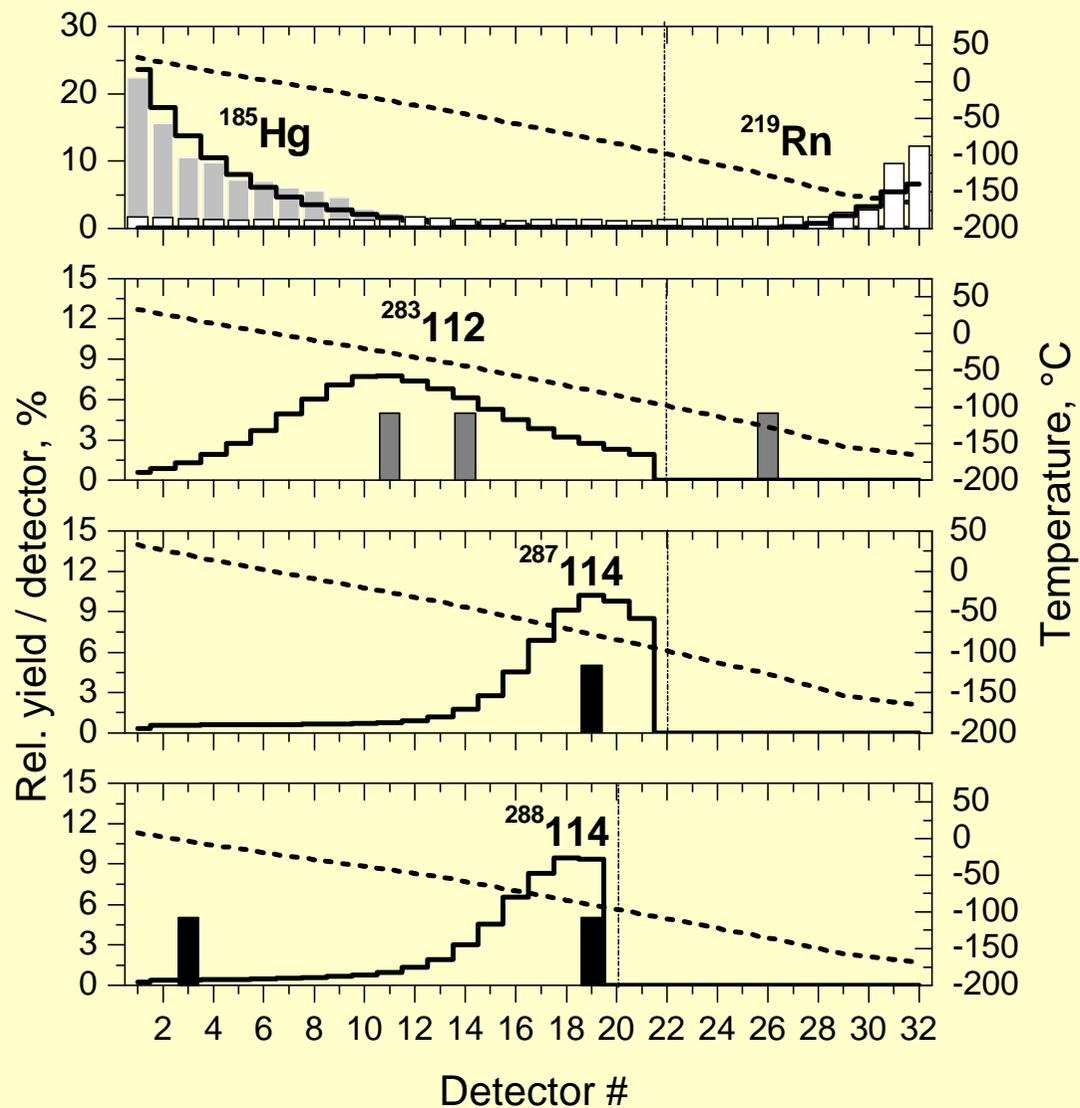
# Kinetic model of linear gas adsorption chromatography



# Results (2007/2008)

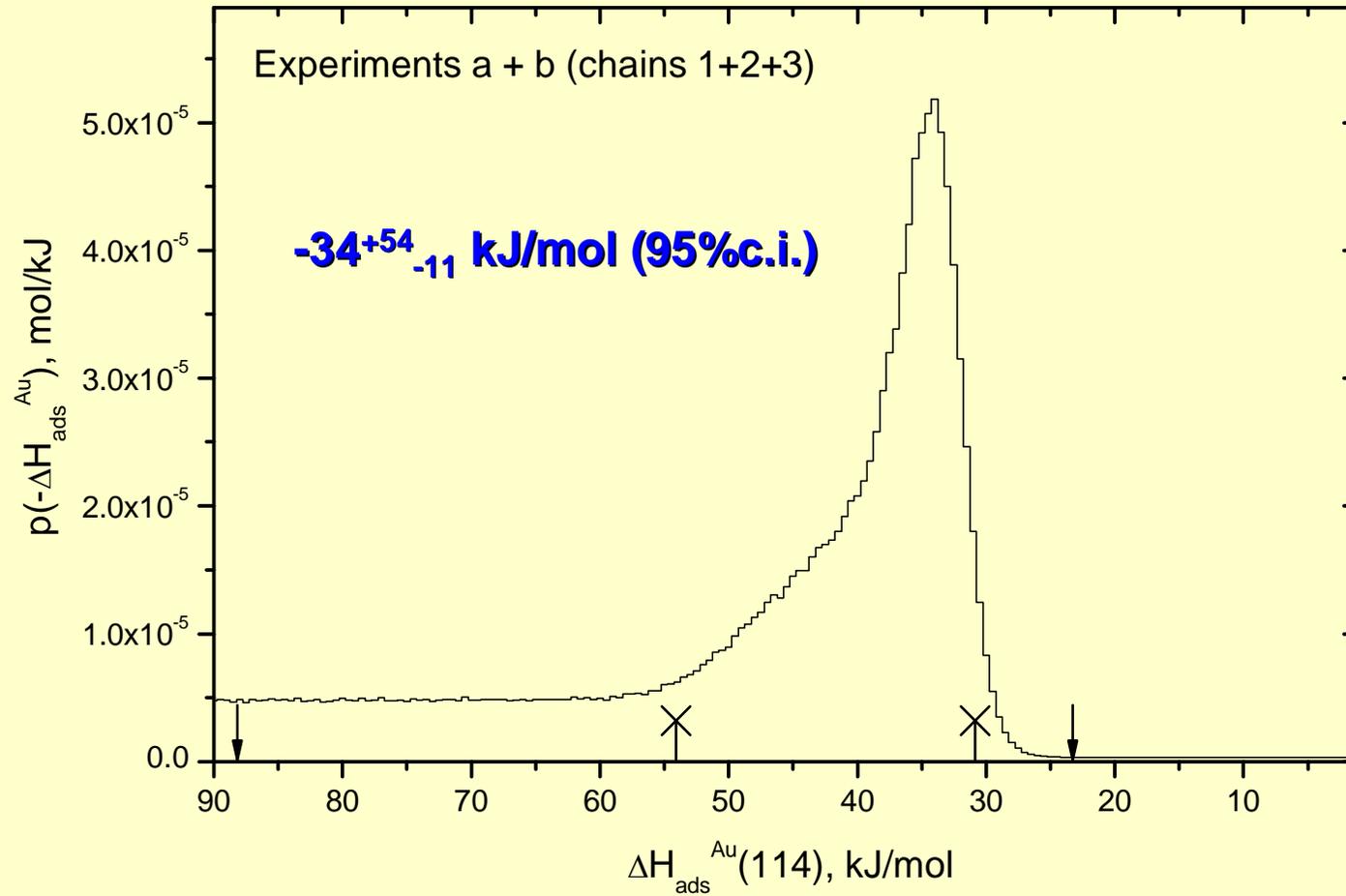


# Summary chemistry results (2007)



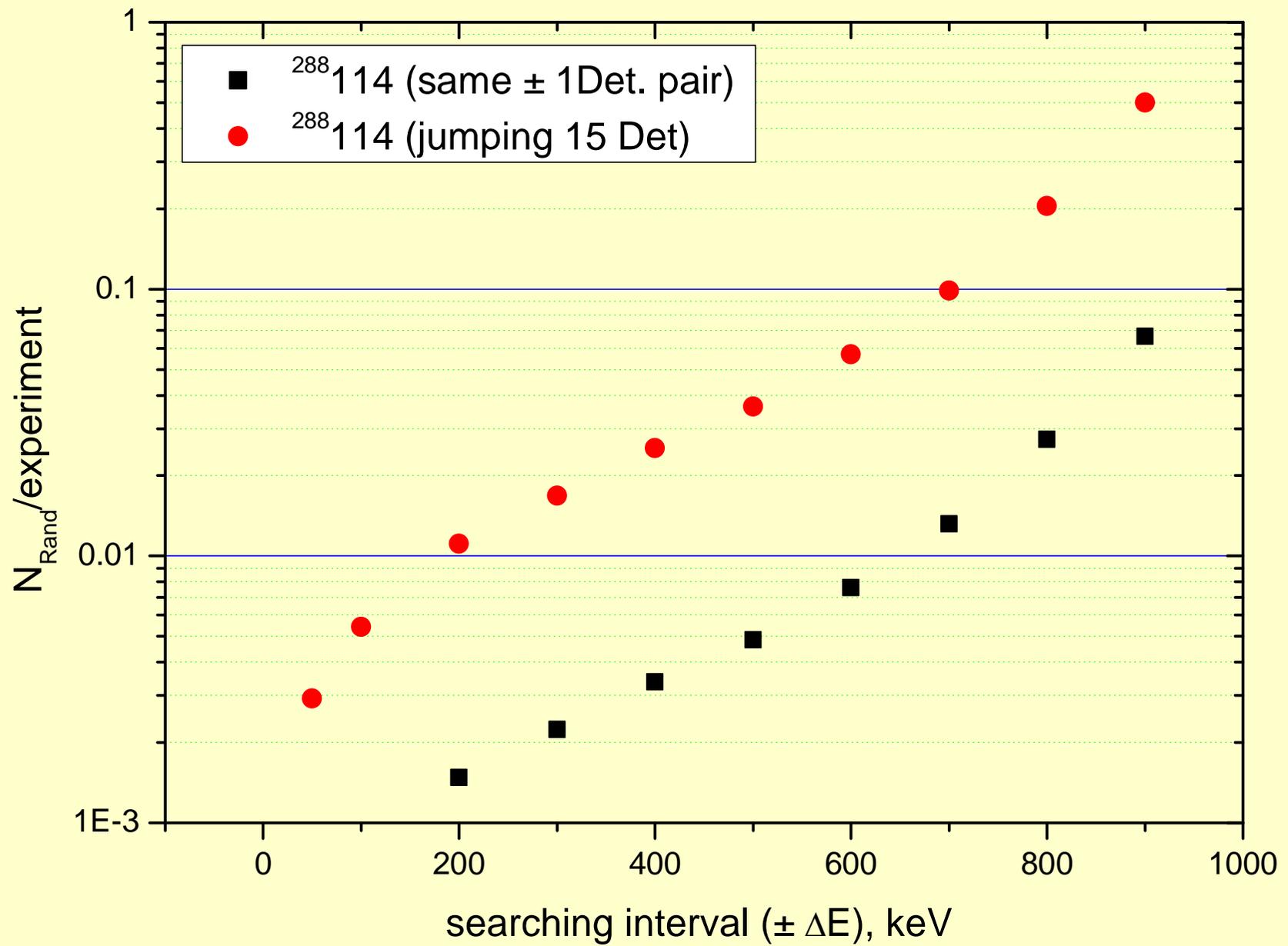
**Simultaneously  
measured!!!**

# Preliminary results (2007/2008)



R. Eichler et al. Radiochimica Acta 2009 resubmitted

R. Eichler CHE, Mainz October 2009



See also Talk by R. Dressler

R. Eichler CHE, Mainz October 2009

# Dubna 2009

$^{242}\text{Pu}$ ,  $^{243}\text{Am}$   
1.5  $\mu\text{m}$  Rh backing (no Ti)

$^{48}\text{Ca}$



Buffer

Getter

Pump

Recoil-chamber

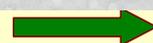
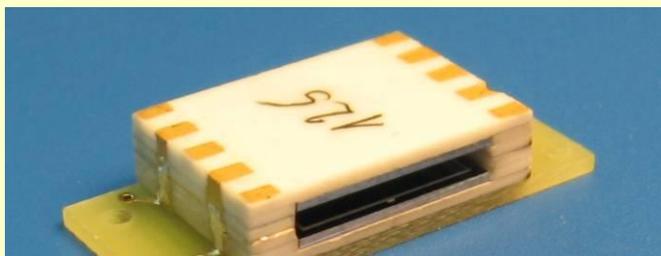
Aerosol filter  
+ getter

RT Au -filter  
and heated to 100°C

Gas flow



**COLD**



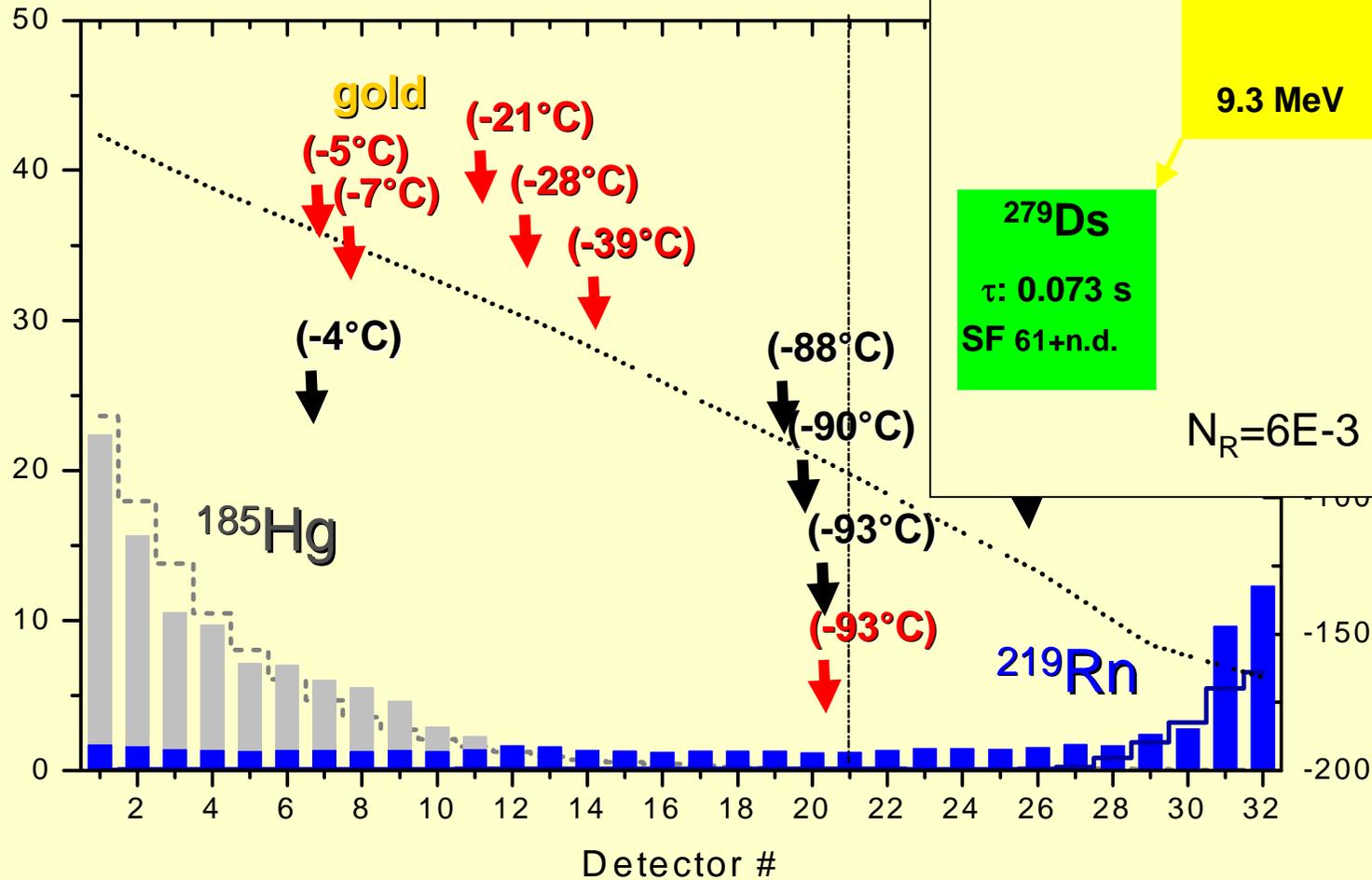
Sicapent<sup>®</sup>  
Drying-unit

Rebuilt irradiation channel and the COLD arrangement  
decreased the transport time to 0.8 s.

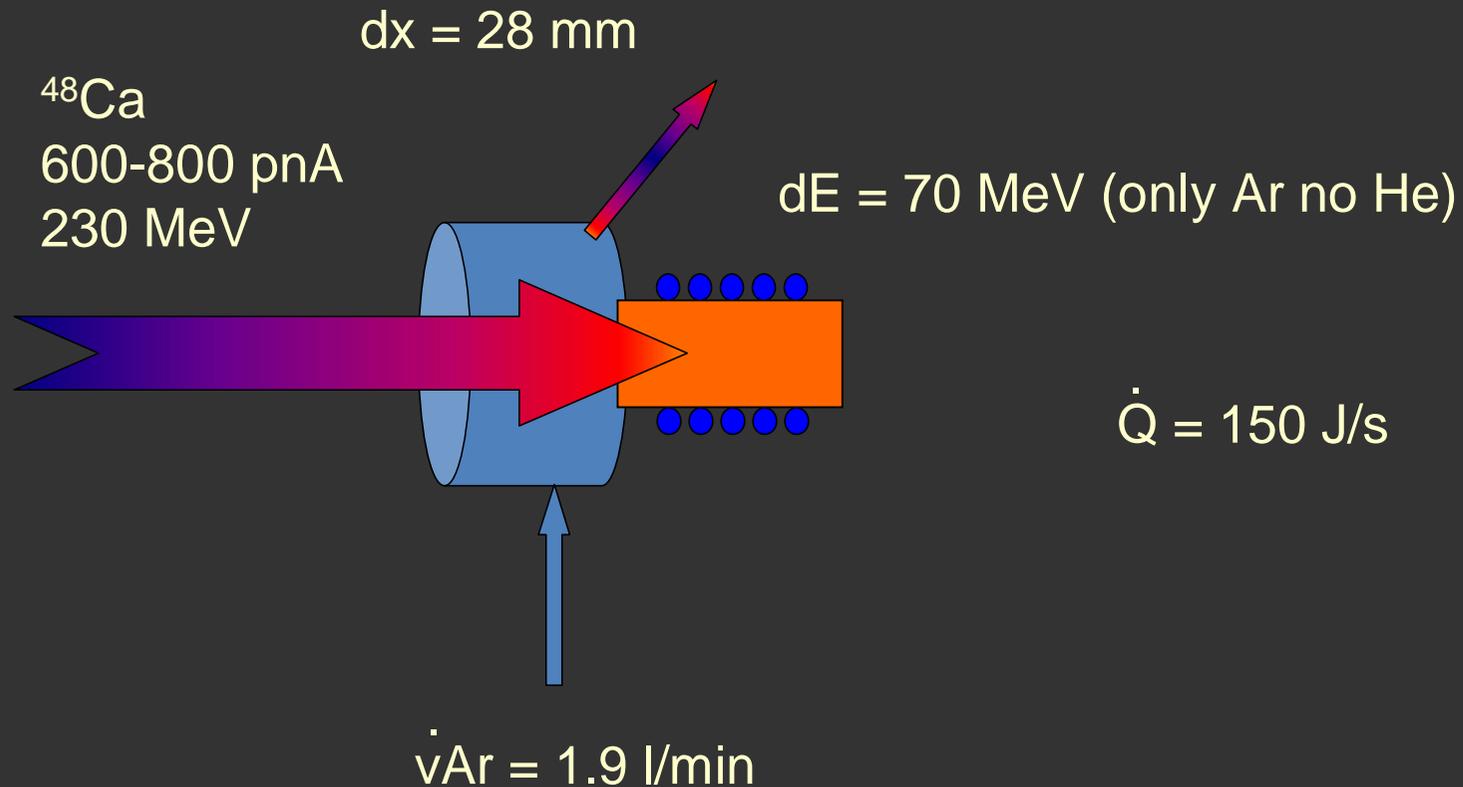
# Results (2007-2009)

$^{242}\text{Pu} (^{48}\text{Ca}, 3n) ^{287}\text{114} \leftarrow 3.4 \cdot 10^{18} \text{ } ^{48}\text{Ca}$   
 $T(\text{Au})=10\text{-}15^\circ\text{C}$

$2.7 \cdot 10^{18} \text{ } ^{48}\text{Ca}$  during 10 days  
 $T(\text{Au})=100^\circ\text{C}$



# Preliminary results (2009)

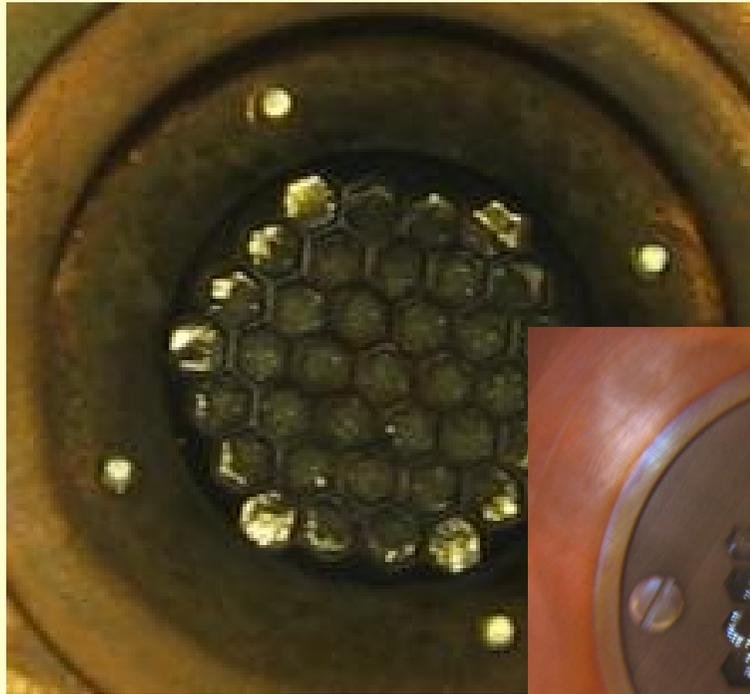


→  $\Delta T = 600\text{-}800 \text{ K}$

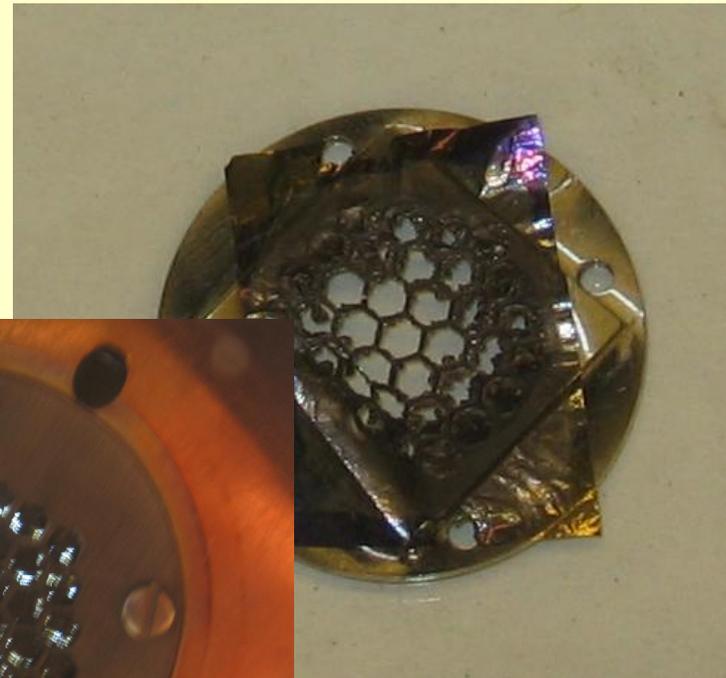
→ factor of  $\sim 3$  more range for products

# Dubna 2009

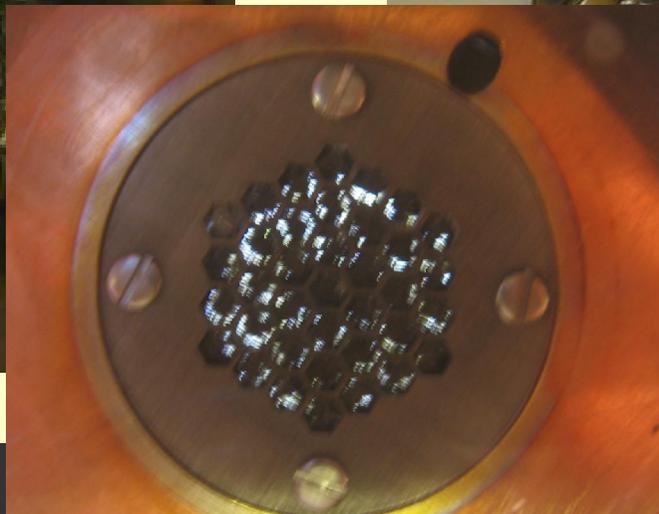
Target on 1.7  $\mu\text{m}$  Rh backing  
 $3 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$



Target on 1.5  $\mu\text{m}$  Ti backing  
 $1 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$



Target on 1.7  $\mu\text{m}$  Rh backing  
 $6 \cdot 10^{18}$   $^{48}\text{Ca}$



# *Acknowledgements*

*Accelerator and ECR crews:*

*U400, Philips cyclotron*

*LMN, Electronics group @ PSI*

*Tech-shops @ University Bern, PSI, FLNR*

*US Department of Energy ( $^{244}\text{Pu}$ )*

*US Department of Energy*

*Russian Foundation for Basic Research*

*Swiss National Science Foundation*