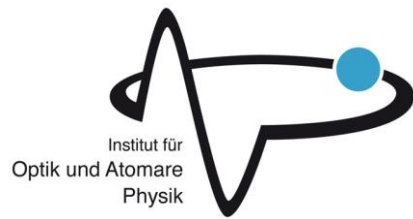


# Exchange scaling of ultrafast angular momentum transfer in 4*f* antiferromagnets

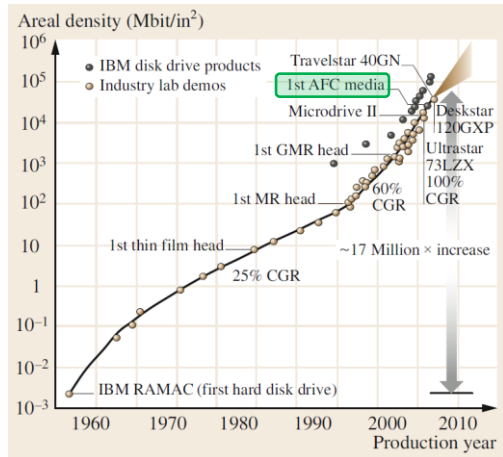
**Will Windsor**

SPICE workshop: ultrafast antiferromagnetic writing  
Mainz 9.5.2022

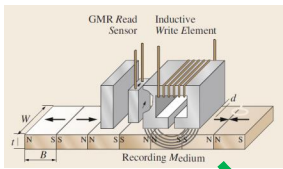


# What I'd start with elsewhere....

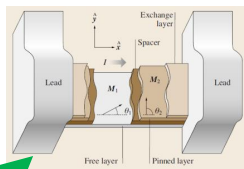
## Digital recording



hard disk read/write head

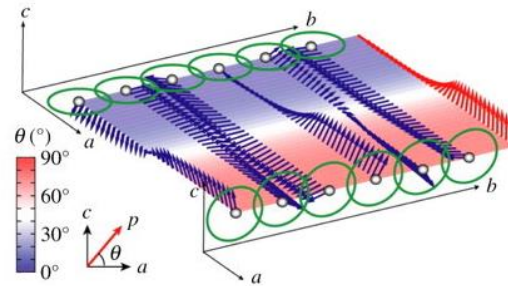


spin-valve read element

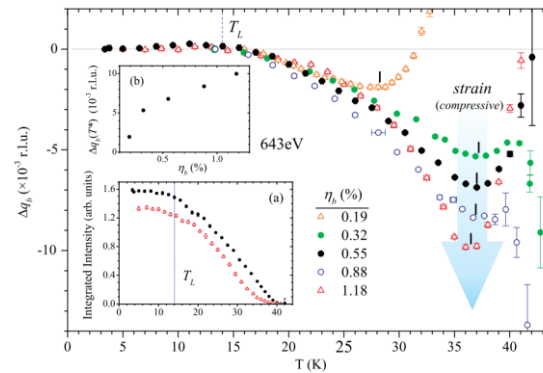


Tannous C., Comstock R.L. (2017)  
doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-48933-9\_49

## New properties available with AF

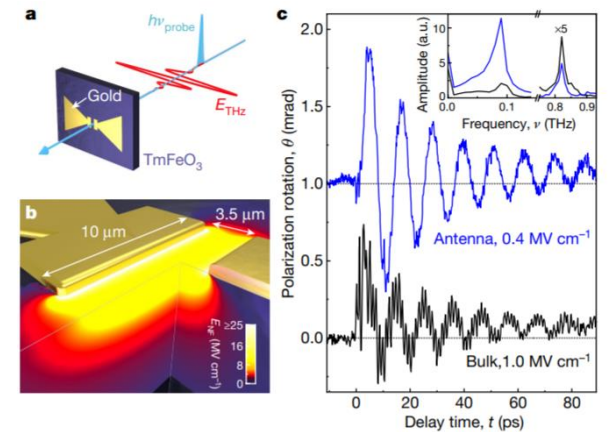


Kagawa PRL 102, 057604 (2009)



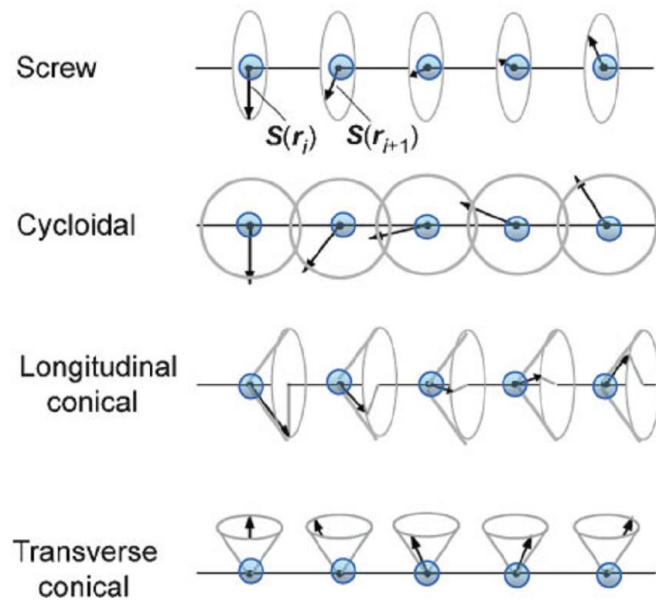
Windsor, PRL 113, 167202 (2014)

## Particular ultrafast prospects

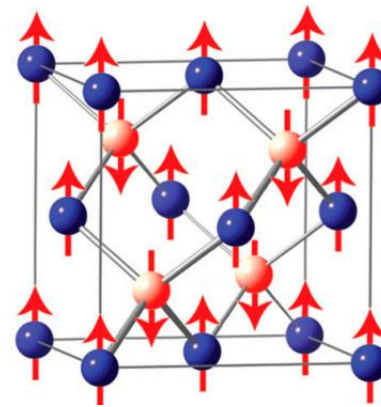


Schlauderer, Nature 569, 383–387 (2019)

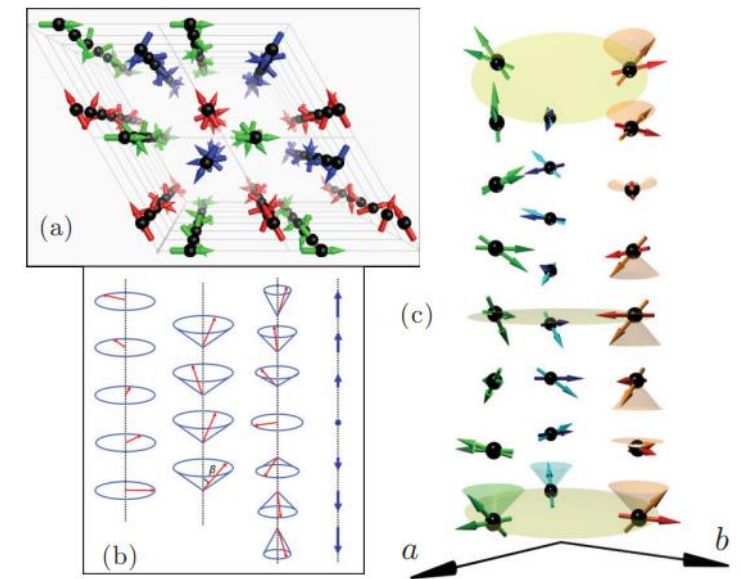
# Antiferromagnets are cool.



Tokura, Phil. Trans. RSA 369 (2011)



MacDougall, PNAS 108, 38, 15693 (2011)



Scagnoli et al, PRB 88 104417 (2013)

# How do we resolve such spin structures?

## Magnetic diffraction.

### Detection of Antiferromagnetism by Neutron Diffraction\*

C. G. SHULL

*Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee*

AND

J. SAMUEL SMART

*Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Silver Spring, Maryland*

August 29, 1949

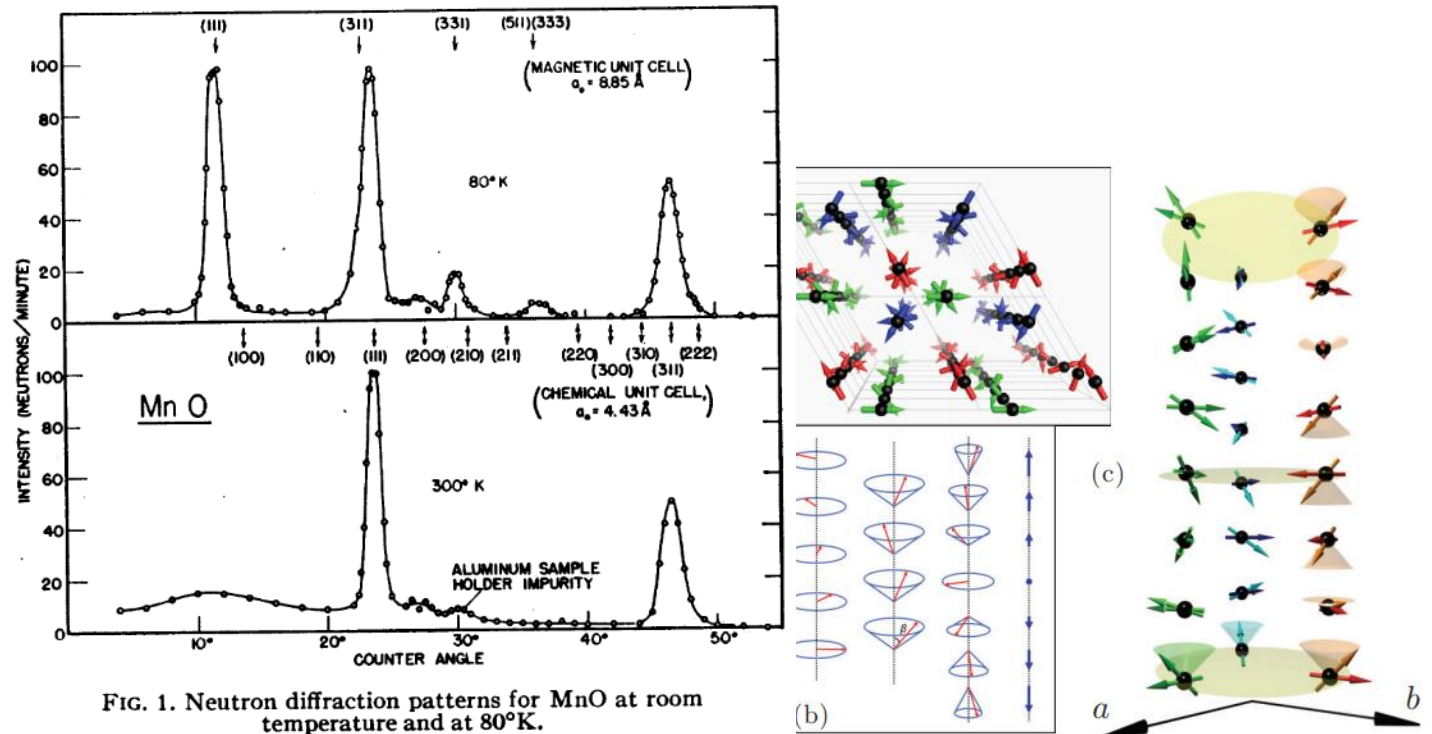
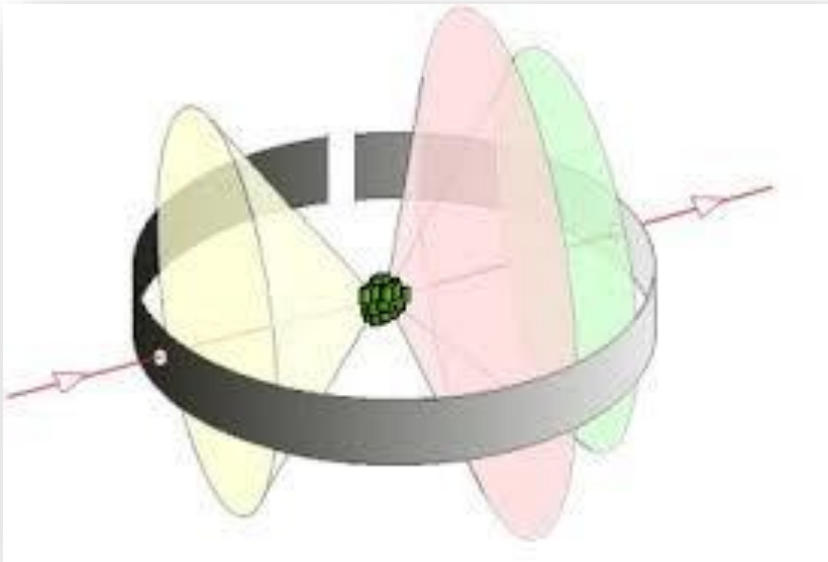
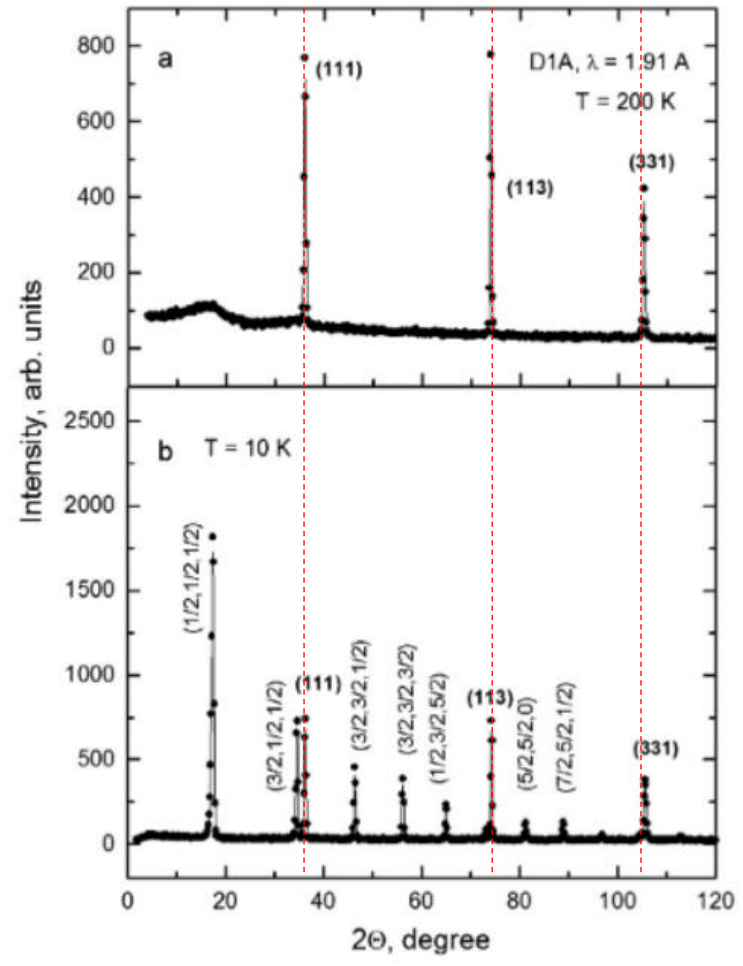
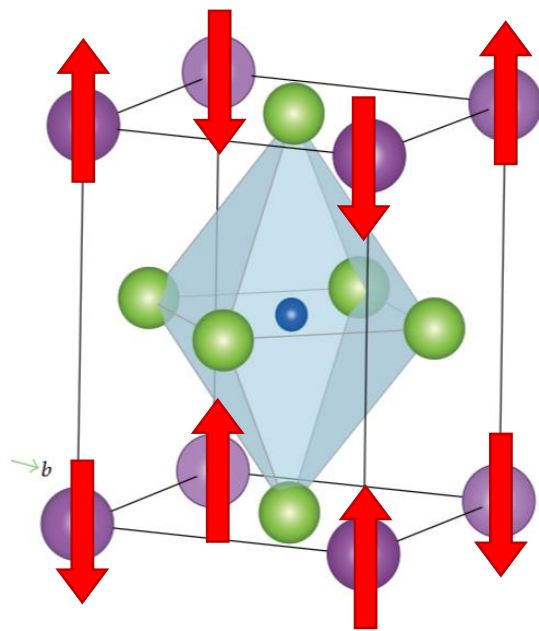


FIG. 1. Neutron diffraction patterns for MnO at room temperature and at 80°K.

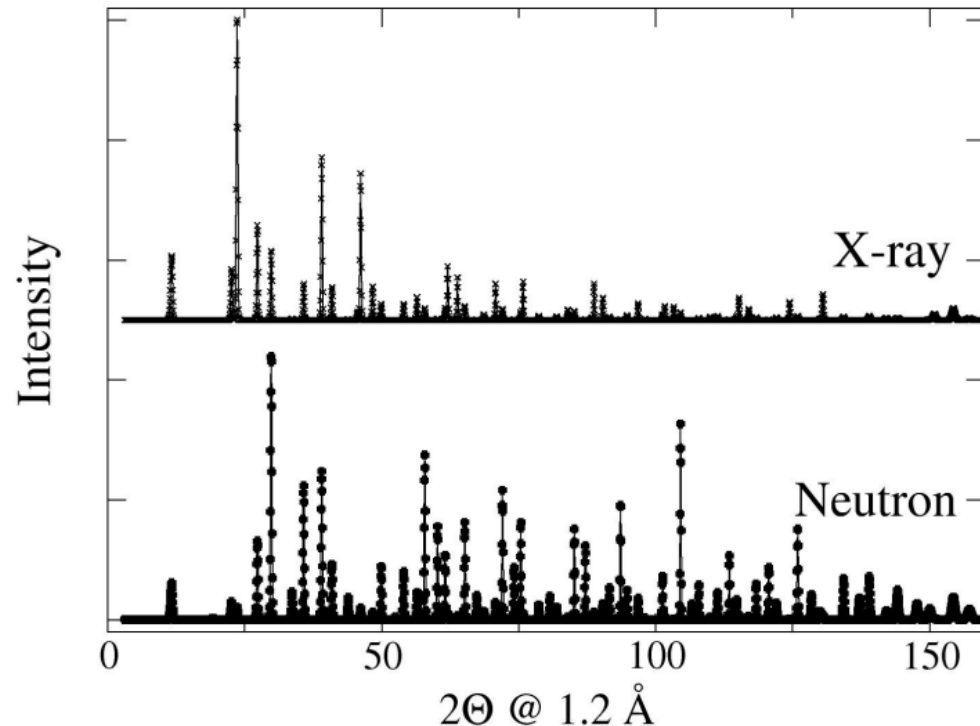
Scagnoli et al, PRB 88 104417 (2013)



But neutrons don't come in  
ultrafast pulses... x-rays do....

# X-rays are sometimes a compromise....

Comparison of  $\text{Tb}_2\text{TiO}_7$  with x-rays & neutrons

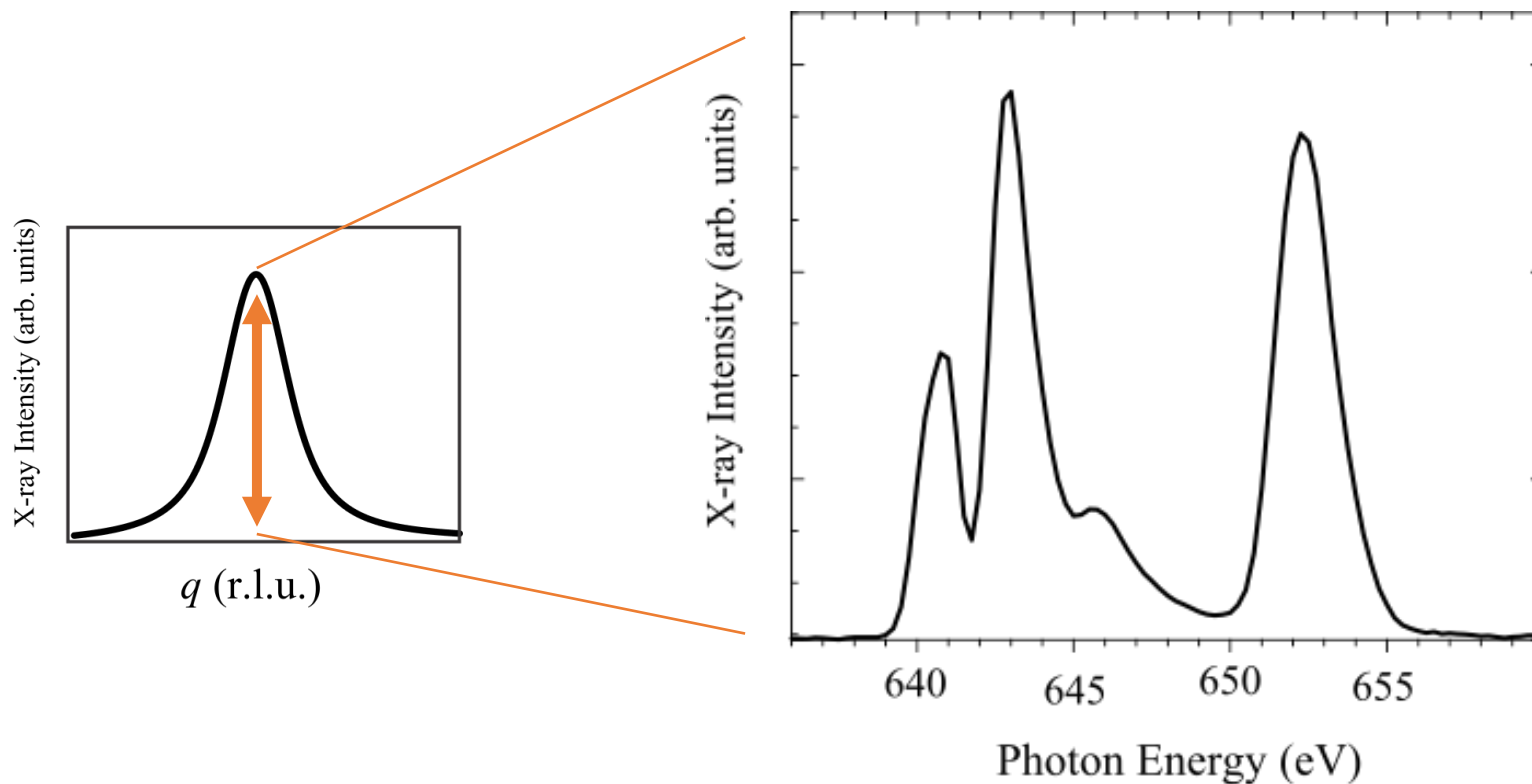


....especially for magnetism

- X-ray magnetic diffraction has a prefactor  $\left(\frac{\hbar\omega}{m_e c^2}\right)^2$  compared to Thompson scattering
- At 1 KeV this is  $\sim 3.8\text{e-}6$
- So we use resonances...

[https://neutrons.ornl.gov/sites/default/files/Toby%202018\\_NXintro2powder\\_2up.pdf](https://neutrons.ornl.gov/sites/default/files/Toby%202018_NXintro2powder_2up.pdf)

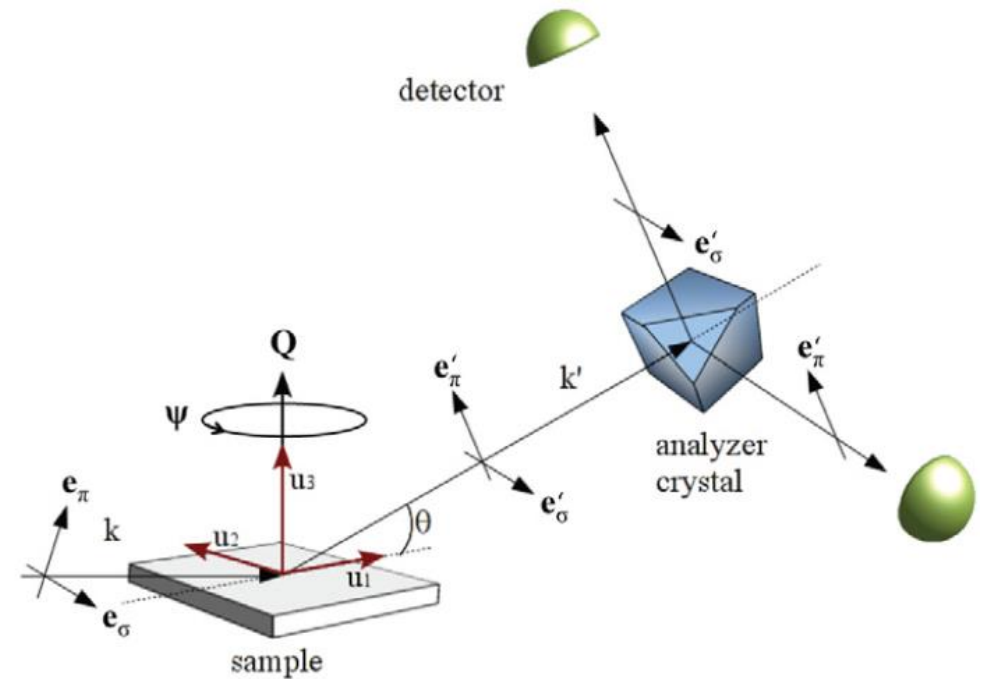
# Resonance enables *practical* magnetic X-ray diffraction





# Resonant X-ray diffraction

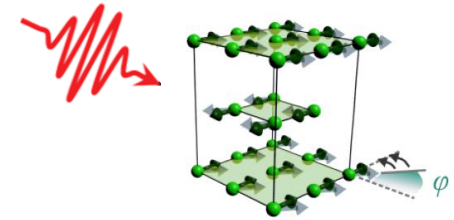
**HZB** Helmholtz  
Zentrum Berlin



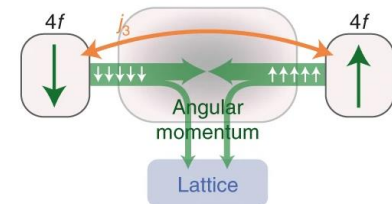
Fink, Rep. Prog. Phys. 76 (2013) 056502

# Overview

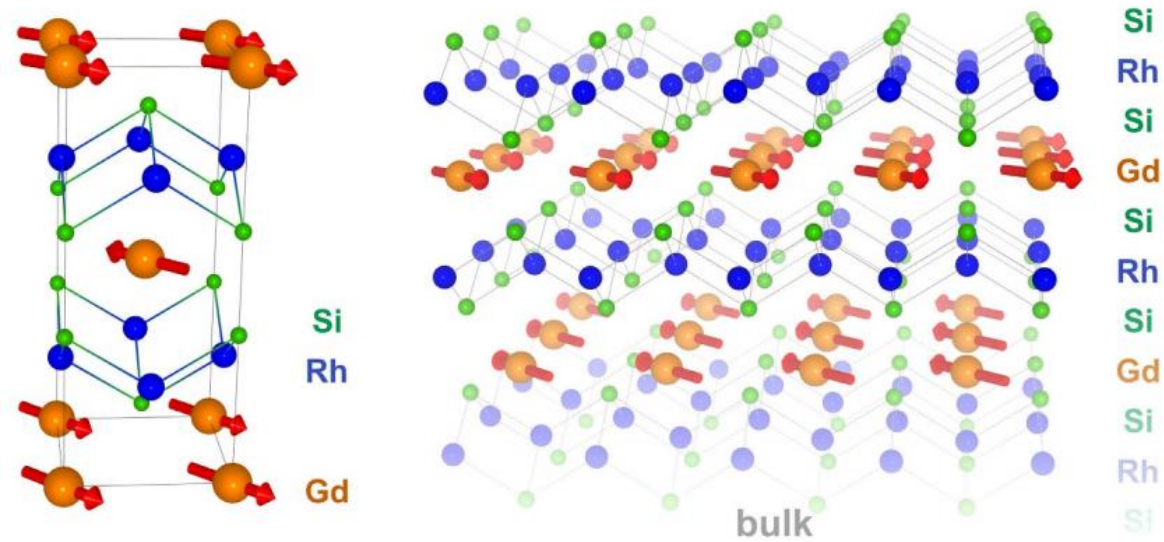
Deterministic control of an AF spin arrangement



Scaling of angular momentum transfer in 4f antiferromagnets



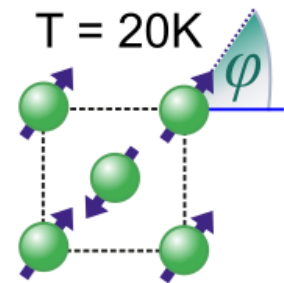
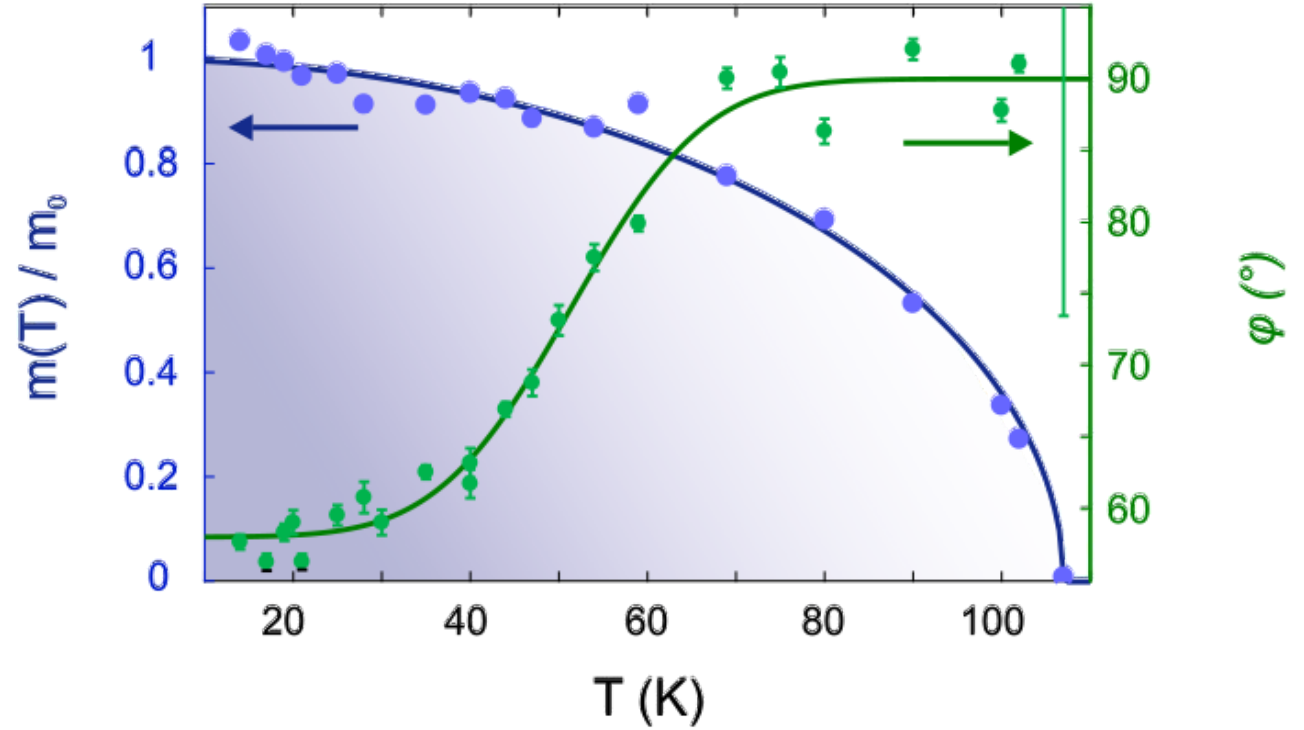
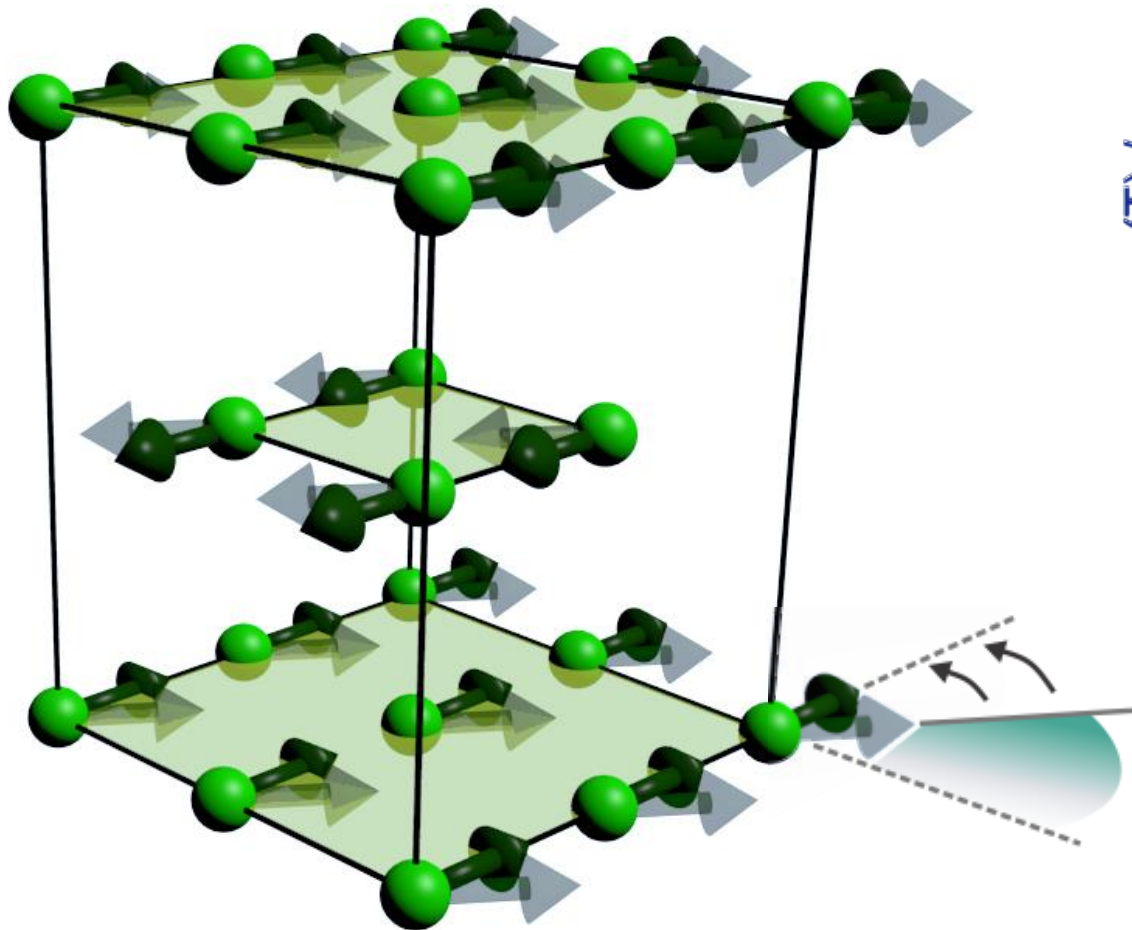
# Model system – GdRh<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>



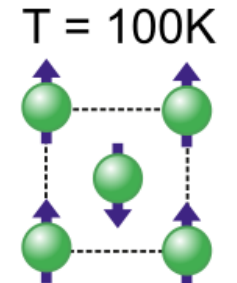


# Equilibrium behavior

GdRh<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>

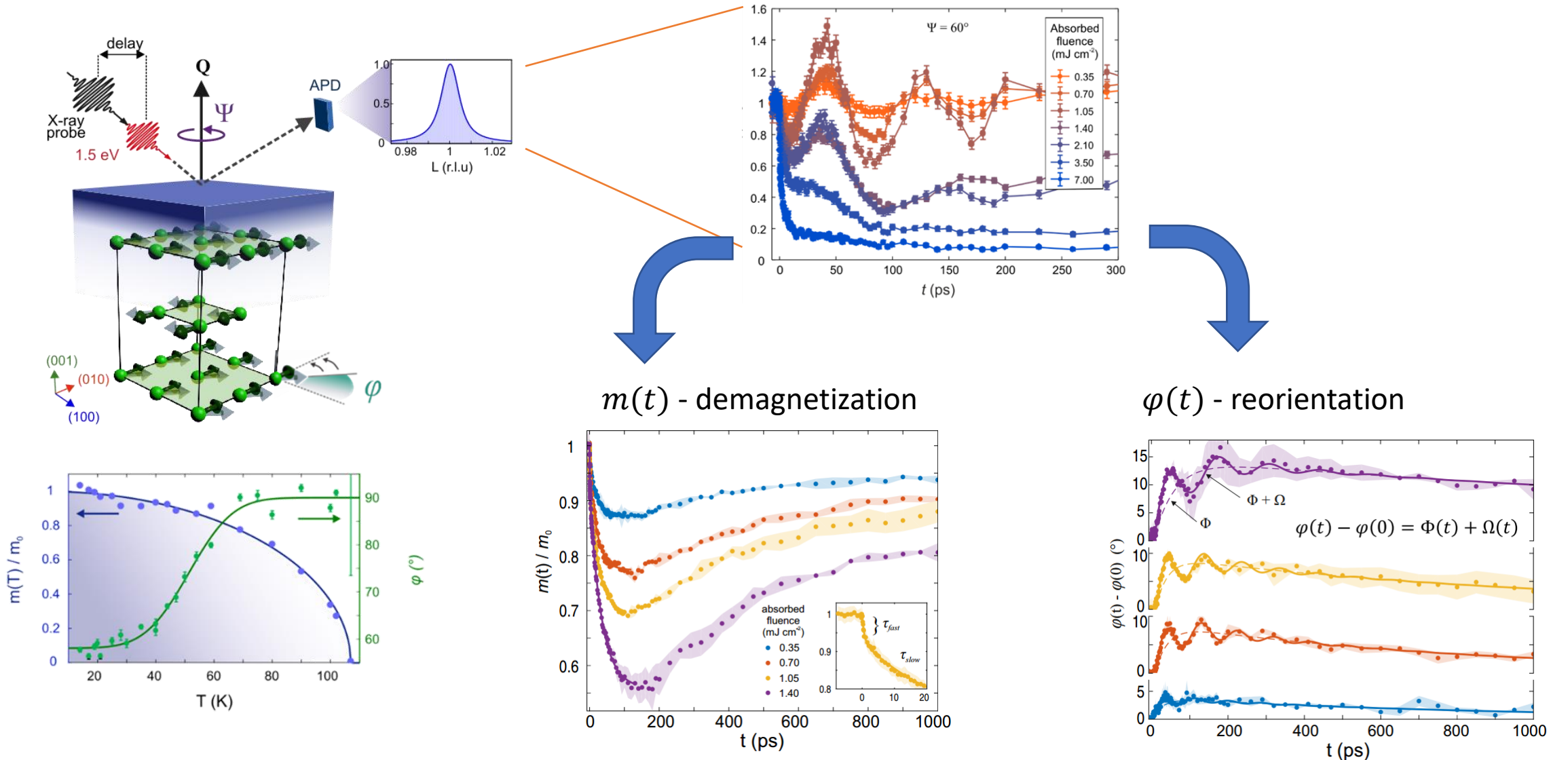


(010)  
(100)





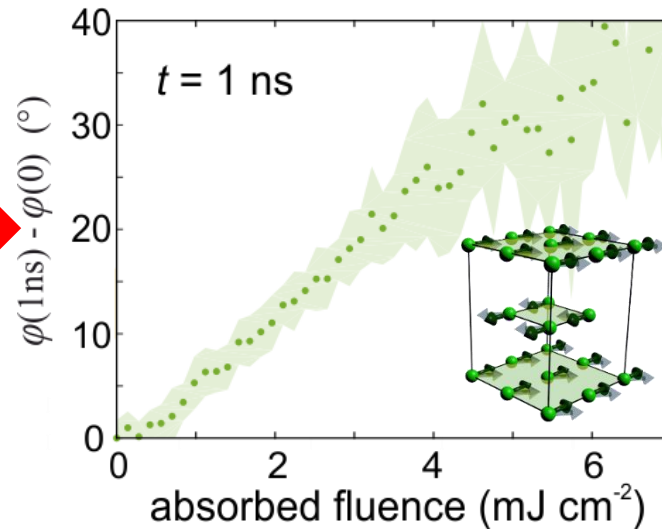
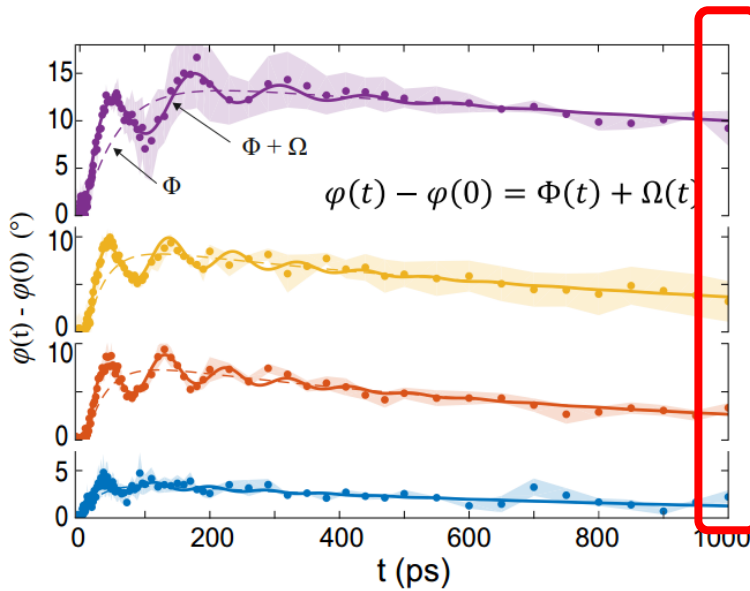
# GdRh<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> – Dynamic Behavior



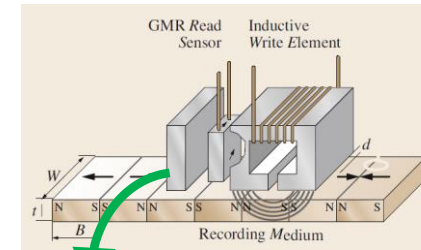


# Deterministic control

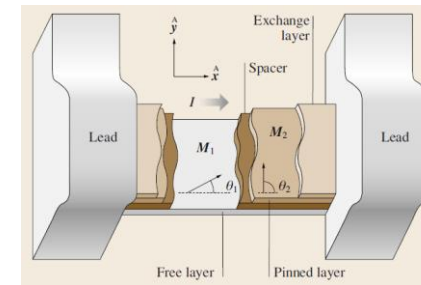
Easy axis of Gd in  $\text{GdRh}_2\text{Si}_2$



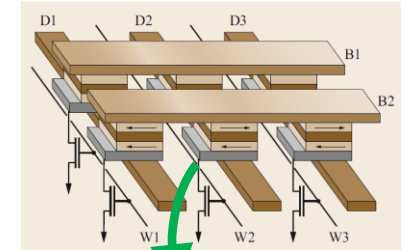
hard disk read/write head



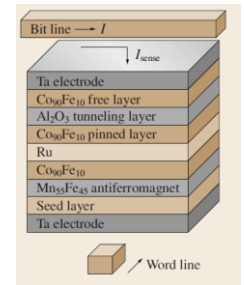
spin-valve read element



MRAM



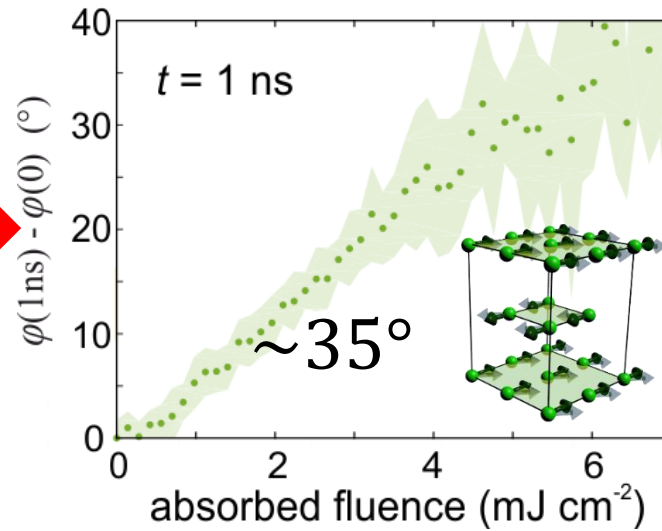
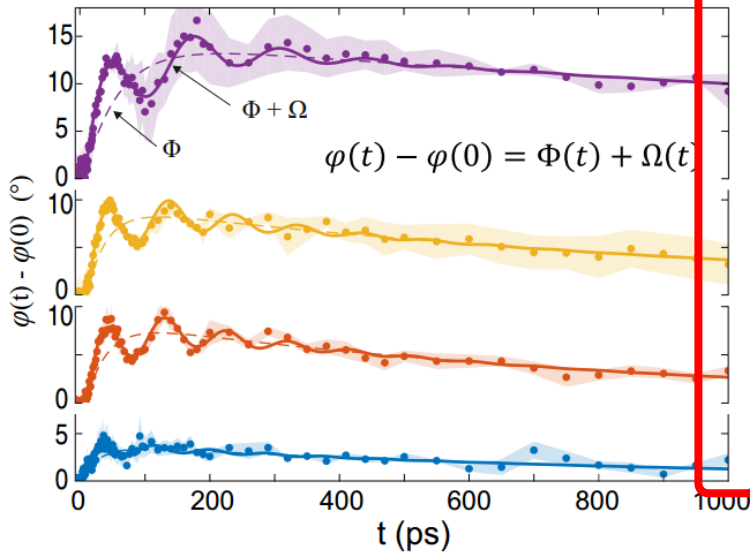
Magnetic tunnel junction



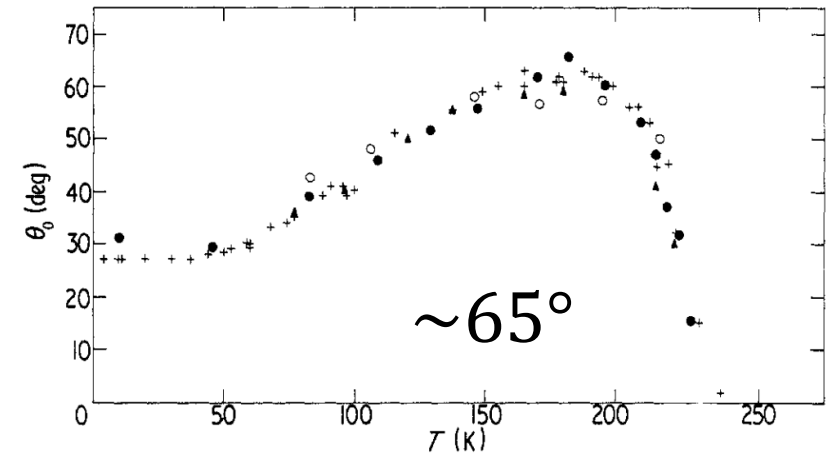


# Outlook: Gd-based spintronics

## Easy axis of Gd in GdRh<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>



## Easy axis of Gd Metal



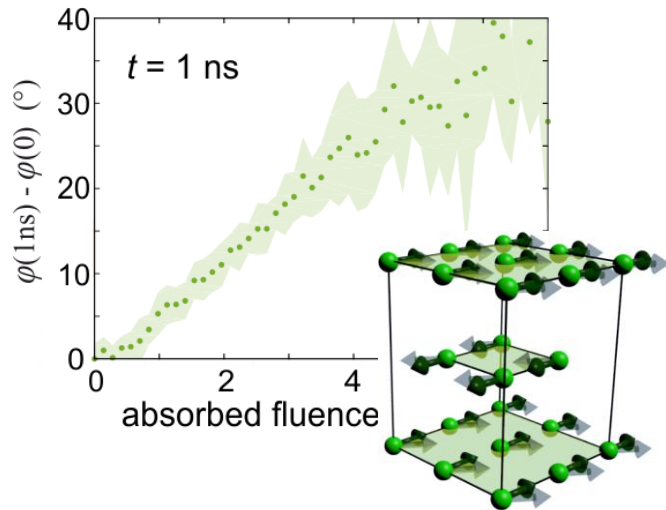
Corner & Tanner, J. Phys. C 9, 627–633 (1975)

# Summary



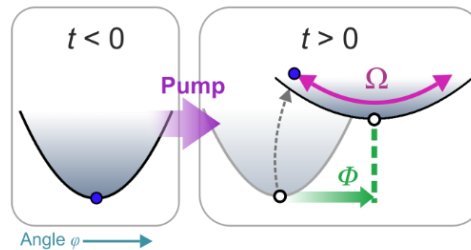
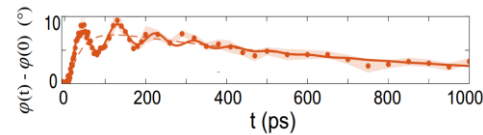
We can solve spin structures in the time domain!

**Deterministic control**  
of the long-range AF order



**Transient anisotropy potential**  
(quantitatively determined)

$$U(\varphi) = \frac{1}{2} K \sin^2(\varphi - \Phi)$$

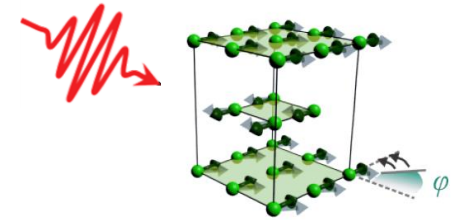


Windsor et al., Commun.  
Physics 3, 139 (2020)

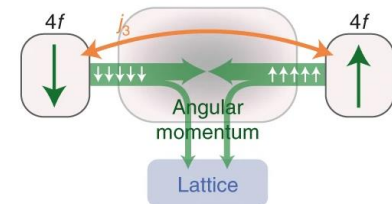


# Overview

Deterministic control of an AF spin arrangement



Scaling of angular momentum transfer in 4f antiferromagnets

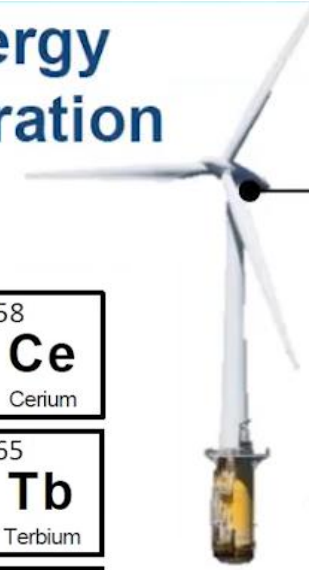
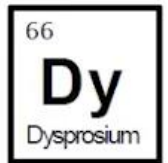
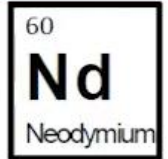


# Intro to lanthanides

1 H																	2 He
3 Li	4 Be											5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne
11 Na	12 Mg	Small moment 1-3 $\mu_B$										13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar
19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 Ba																
		72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 Tl	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn	
87 Fr	88 Ra	104 Rf	105 Db	106 Sg	107 Bh	108 Hs	109 Mt	110 Ds	111 Rg	112 Cn	113 Nh	114 Fl	115 Mc	116 Lv	117 Ts	118 Og	
		large moment 1-10 $\mu_B$															
Lanthanides	57 La	58 Ce	59 Pr	60 Nd	61 Pm	62 Sm	63 Eu	64 Gd	65 Tb	66 Dy	67 Ho	68 Er	69 Tm	70 Yb	71 Lu		
Actinides	89 Ac	90 Th	91 Pa	92 U	93 Np	94 Pu	95 Am	96 Cm	97 Bk	98 Cf	99 Es	100 Fm	101 Md	102 No	103 Lr		

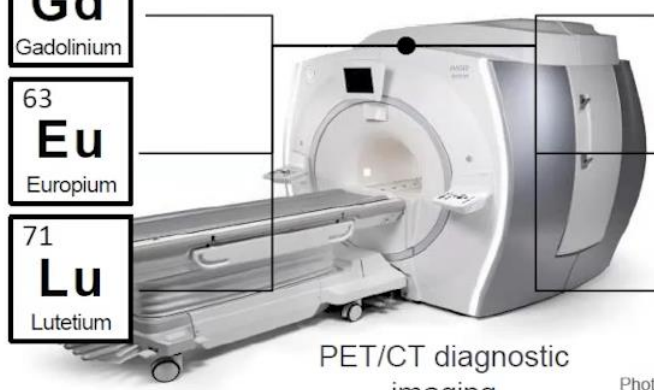
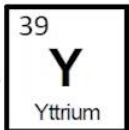
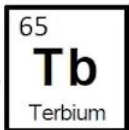
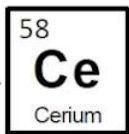
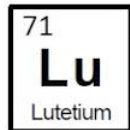
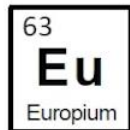
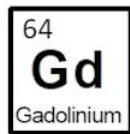
# Lanthanides are important

## Energy generation

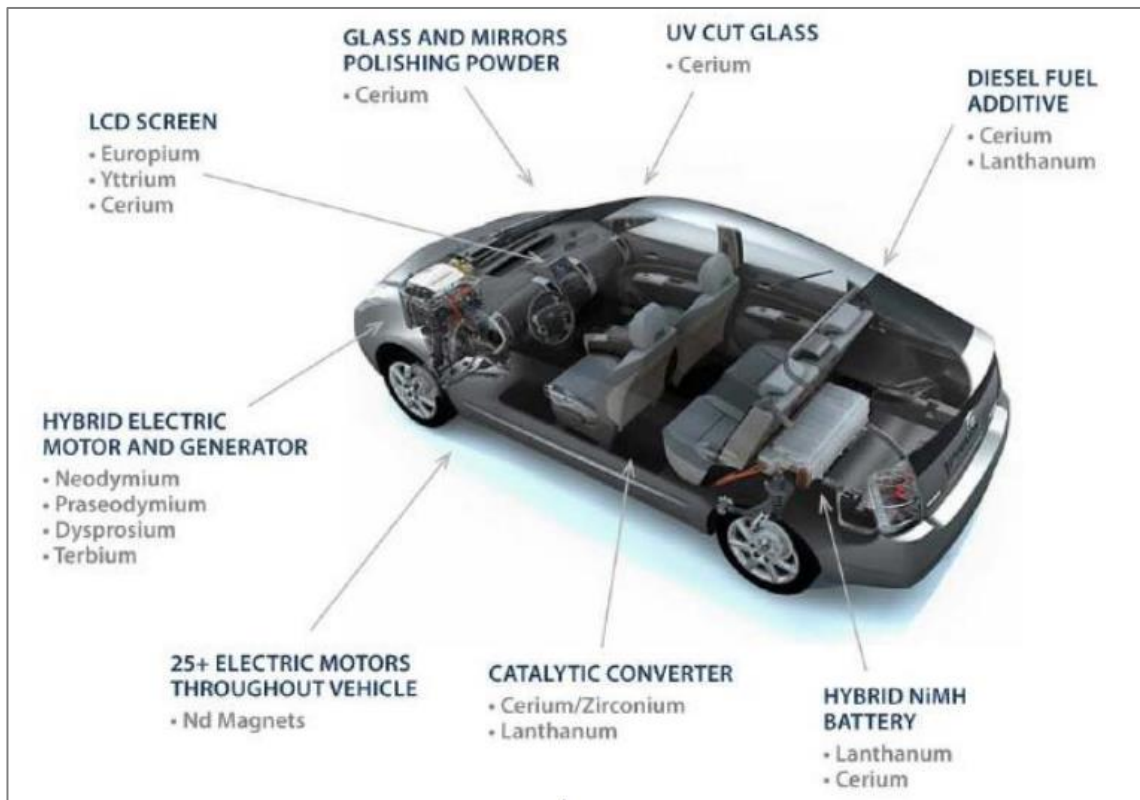


Offshore direct drive wind turbine  
Photo credit: US DOE

## Healthcare



PET/CT diagnostic imaging  
Photo credit: GE Healthcare



**EP** SIGN IN SUBSCRIBE ☰

EXPLAINER: Why Rare Earths Are the Key to Just About... SHARE: f t in w p e

## EXPLAINER

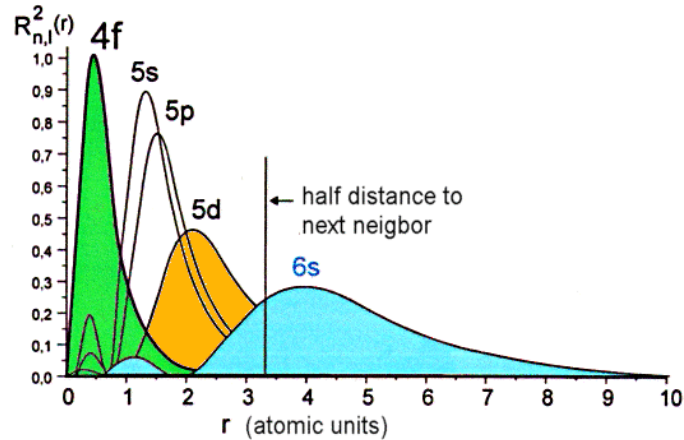
# Why Rare Earths Are the Key to Just About Everything

They're not actually that rare, but their importance to almost all modern technologies cannot be overstated.

Source: 'The Automotive Industry: A Major Rare Earths Consumer', 3rd International Rare Earths Conference, Dudley J Kingsnorth, November 2007

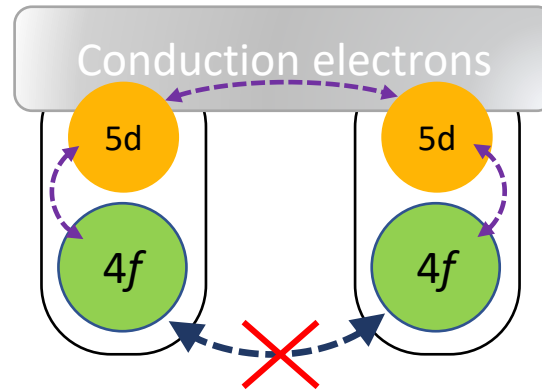
# Magnetic coupling in lanthanides

**4f states are very localized**



**RKKY – indirect exchange**

$$\mathcal{J}_S(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{V}{N\mu_B^2} |I(\mathbf{q})|^2 \chi(\mathbf{q}).$$



**Can AF demagnetization occur with RKKY?**



Yes.



## Ultrafast and Energy-Efficient Quenching of Spin Order: Antiferromagnetism Beats Ferromagnetism

Nele Thielemann-Kühn,<sup>1,2,4</sup> Daniel Schick,<sup>1</sup> Niko Pontius,<sup>1</sup> Christoph Trabant,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Rolf Mitzner,<sup>1</sup> Karsten Holldack,<sup>1</sup>  
Hartmut Zabel,<sup>4</sup> Alexander Föhlisch,<sup>1,2</sup> and Christian Schüßler-Langeheine<sup>1</sup>

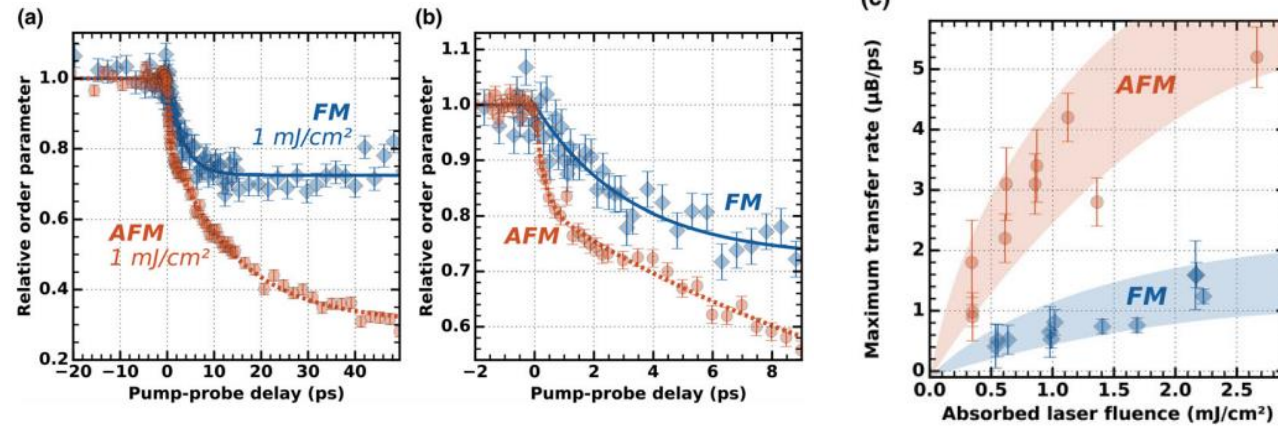
<sup>1</sup>Institut für Methoden und Instrumentierung der Forschung mit Synchrotronstrahlung,  
Helmholtz-Zentrum Berlin für Materialien und Energie GmbH, Albert-Einstein-Straße 15, 12489 Berlin, Germany

<sup>2</sup>Institut für Physik und Astronomie, Universität Potsdam, Karl-Liebknecht-Straße 24/25, 14476 Potsdam, Germany

<sup>3</sup>II. Physikalisches Institut, Universität zu Köln, Zùlpicher Straße 77, 50937 Köln, Germany

<sup>4</sup>Institut für Physik, Johannes-Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, Staudingerweg 7, 55128 Mainz, Germany

(Received 15 March 2017; revised manuscript received 20 September 2017; published 6 November 2017)



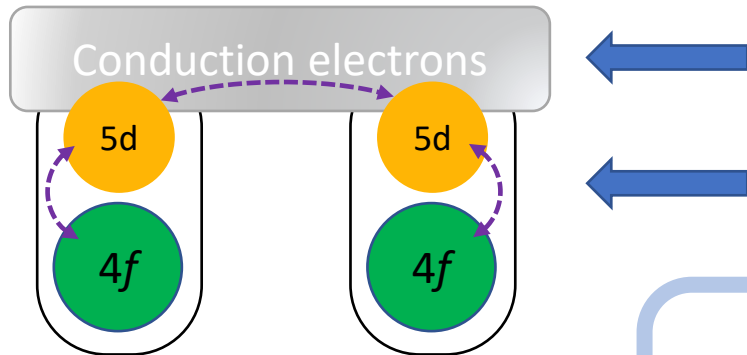
# Lets use this!

Can we tune RKKY's strength to optimize ultrafast dynamics?

## RKKY – indirect exchange

$$\mathcal{J}_S(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{V}{N\mu_B^2} |I(\mathbf{q})|^2 \chi(\mathbf{q}).$$

### Routes to alter $\mathcal{J}_S(\mathbf{q})$



$\chi(\mathbf{q})$  - e.g. tuning the occupation at the fermi level,

$I(\mathbf{q})$  - on-site overlap is not easily accessible

overlap is sensitive to filling of the 4f shell.

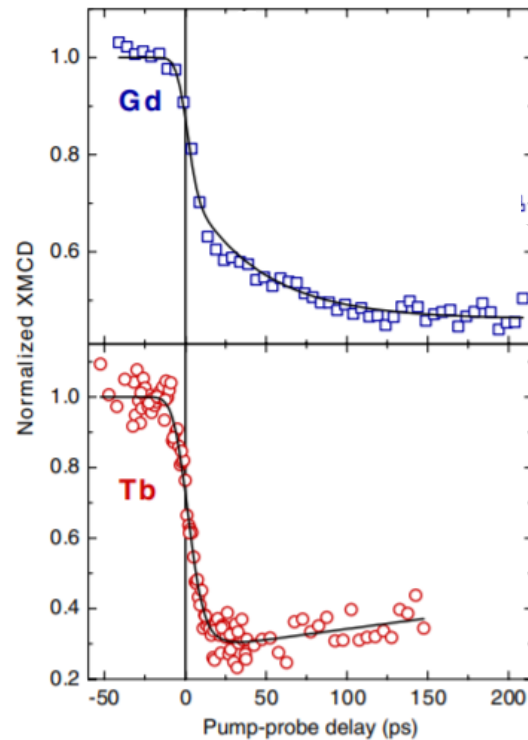
**How does 4f filling affect spin dynamics?**

# 4f demagnetization in literature

Lanthanides	57 La	58 Ce	59 Pr	60 Nd	61 Pm	62 Sm	63 Eu	64 Gd	65 Tb	66 Dy	67 Ho	68 Er	69 Tm	70 Yb	71 Lu
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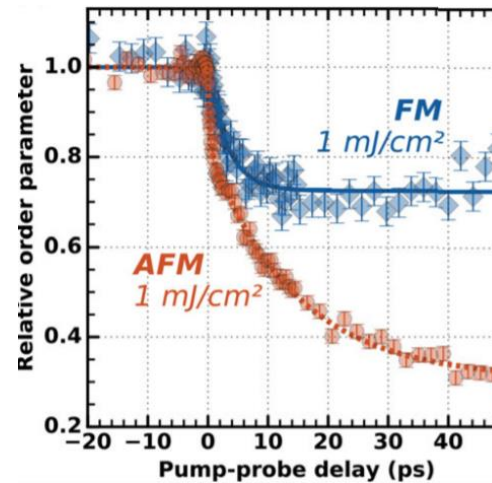
## Gd & Tb

Wietstruk PRL 106, 127401 (2011)



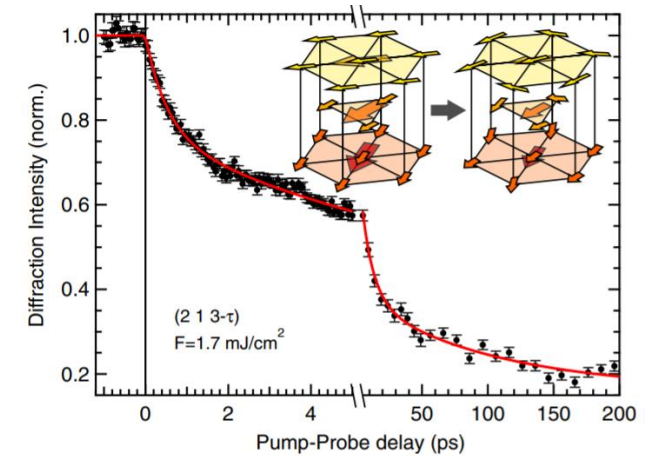
## Dy

Thielemann-Kühn PRL 119, 197202 (2017)



## Ho

Rettig PRL 116, 257202 (2016)



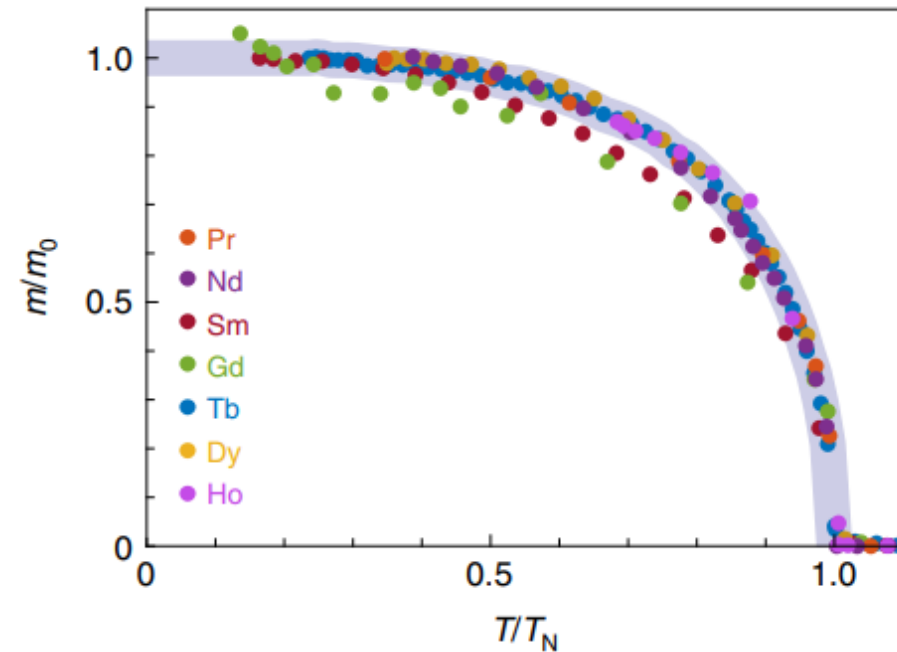
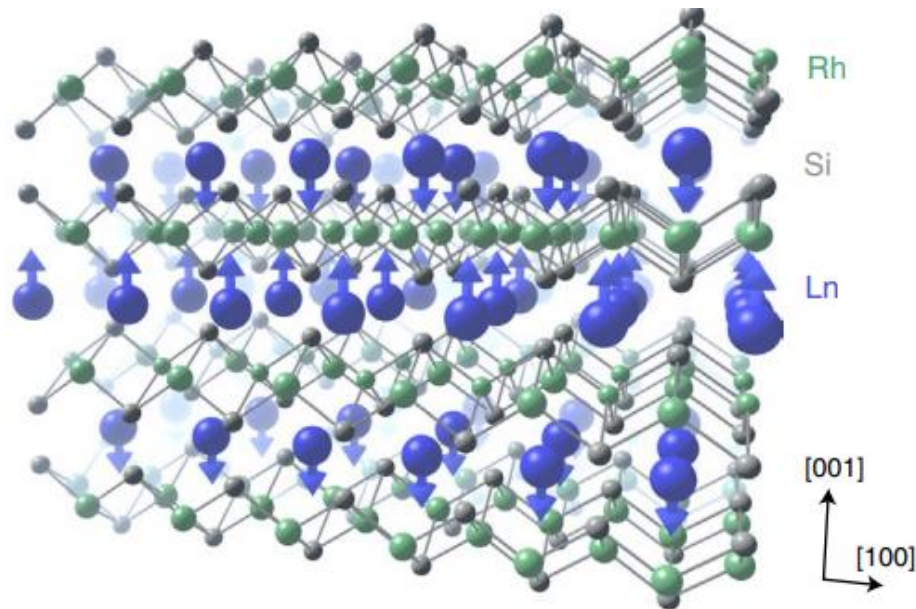
Inconclusive!

# $\text{LnRh}_2\text{Si}_2$ – a series of boring antiferromagnets

Lanthanides

57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu

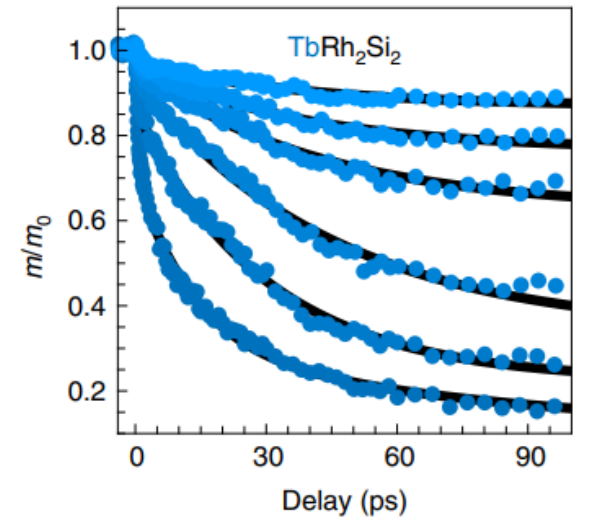
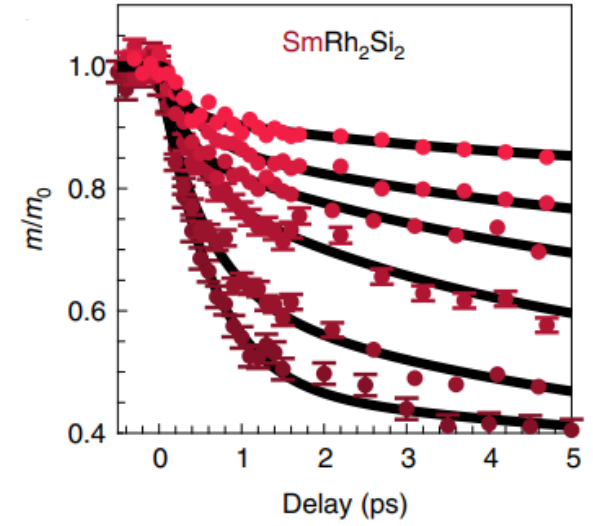
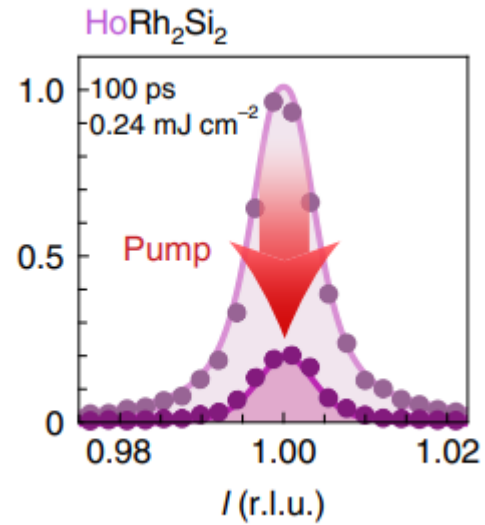
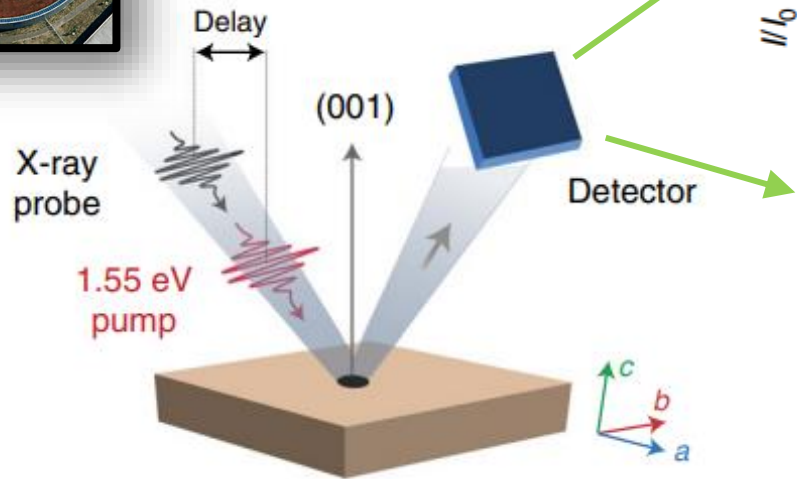
when changing the Ln ion, practically nothing changes



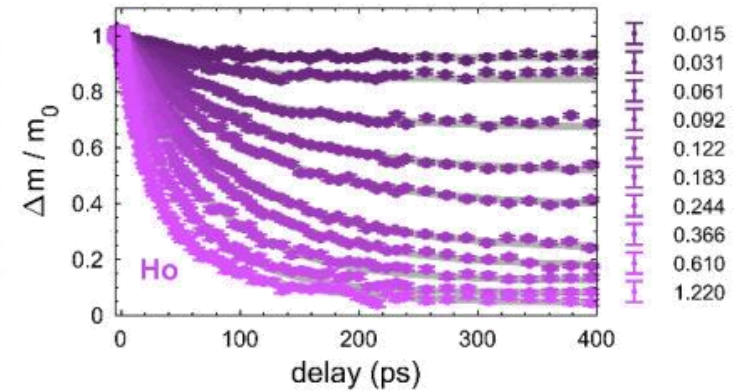
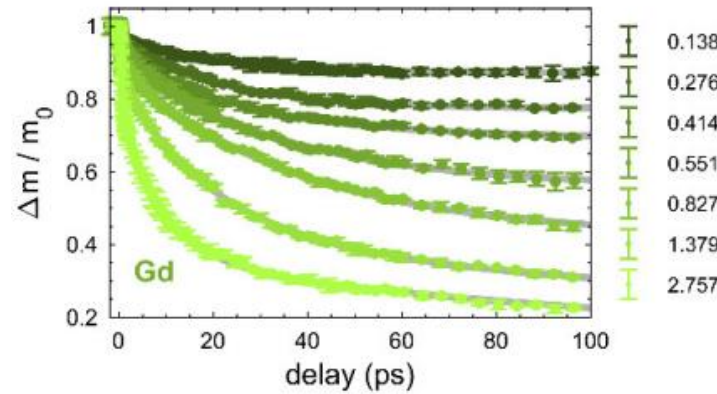
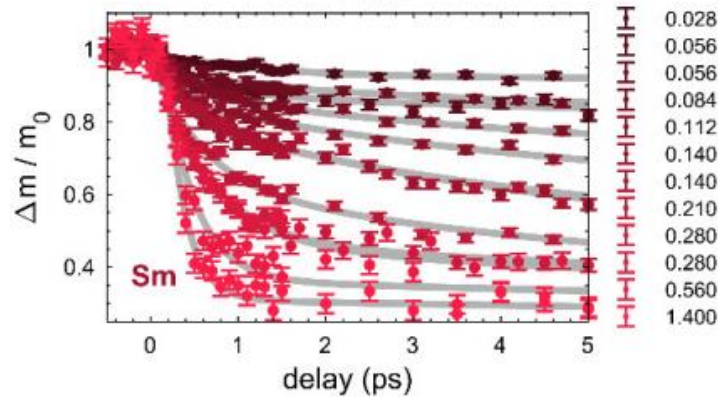
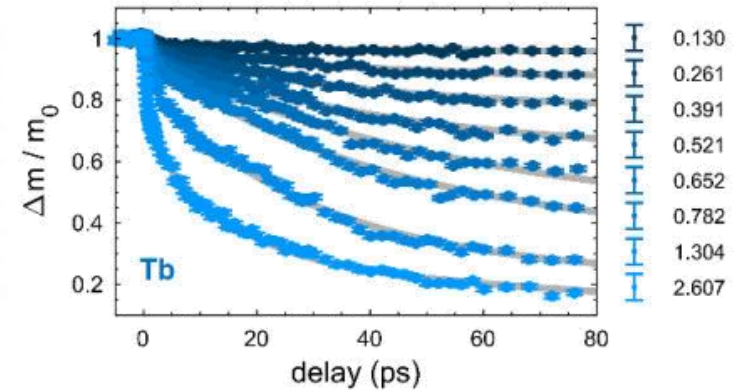
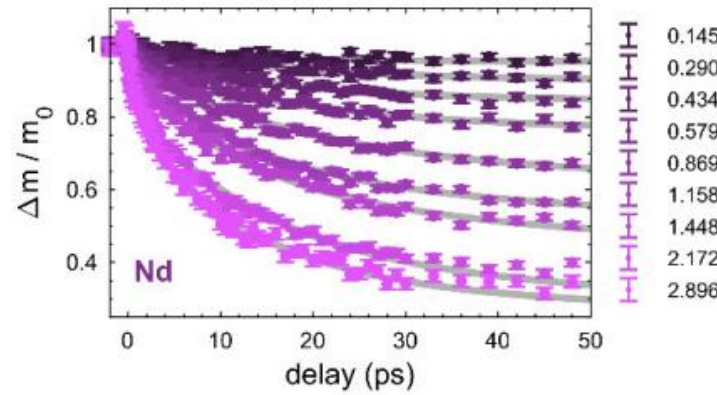
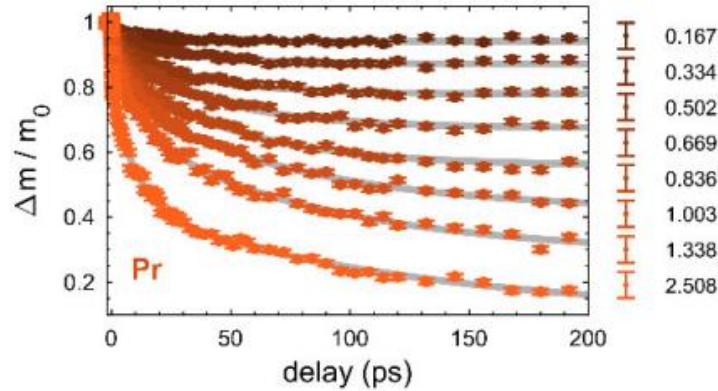


# Experiment

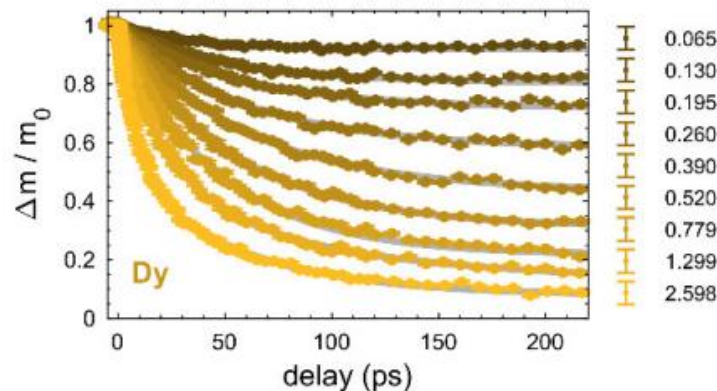
**HZB** Helmholtz  
Zentrum Berlin



# Lots of data that look almost the same...

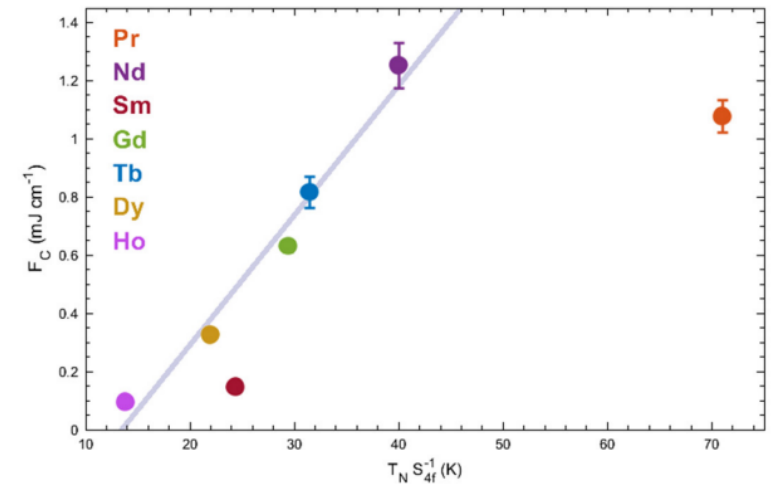
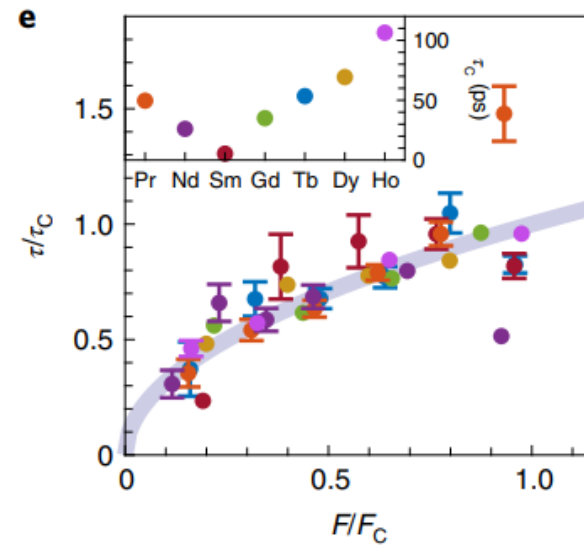
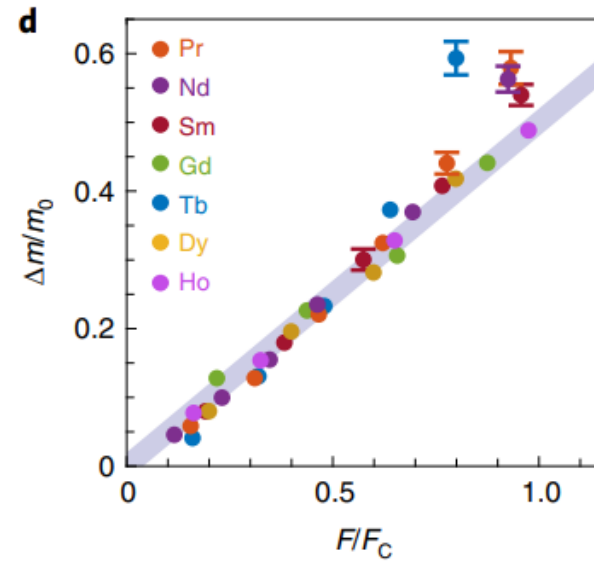
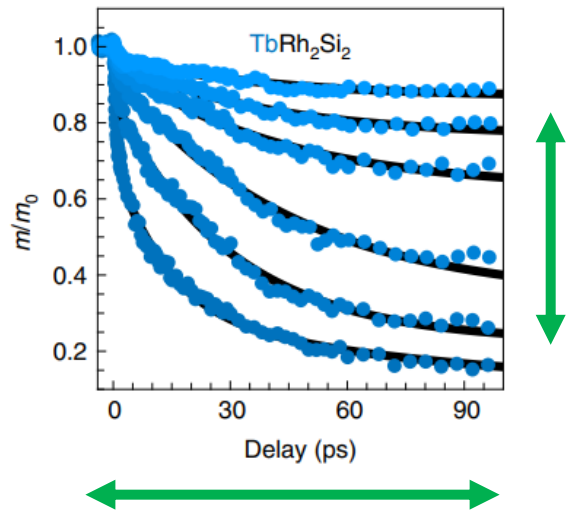


Lots of comparable data....



What do we do with all of this?

# Scaling?

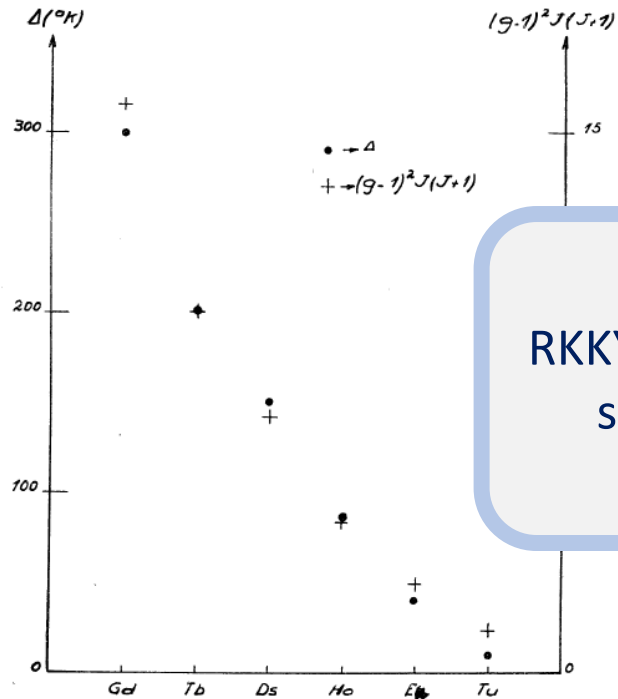


# de Gennes scaling

$$(g - 1)^2 J(J + 1)$$



MAGNÉTISME. — *Sur les propriétés des métaux des terres rares.* Note (\*) de M. PIERRE-GILLES DE GENNES, transmise par M. Francis Perrin.



RKKY should/could also scale in this way!

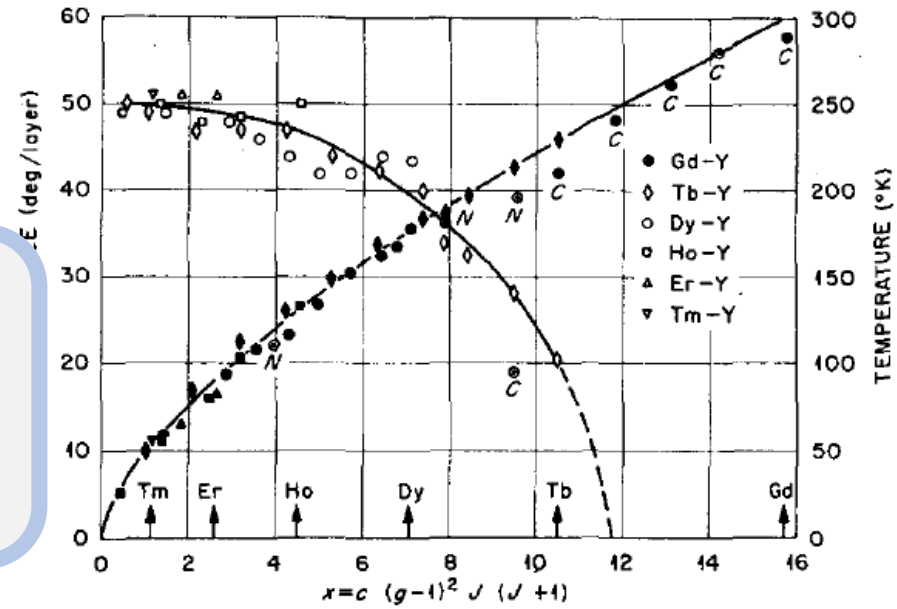


FIG. 6. Magnetic structure properties of R-Y alloys. The interlayer angles at the ordering temperature, on the left, and the ordering temperature, on the right, are universal functions of the average squared projection of  $S$  on  $J$ . The interlayer angle curve extrapolates to zero for  $x=11.5$ , approximately.

2. Le couplage (2) produit également, dans le domaine paramagnétique, une résistivité par désordre de spin  $\rho_0$  (\*), (\*\*), (\*\*\*) qui est effectivement observée (\*). Dans l'approximation de Born, on trouve

# Scaling (2)

Define:

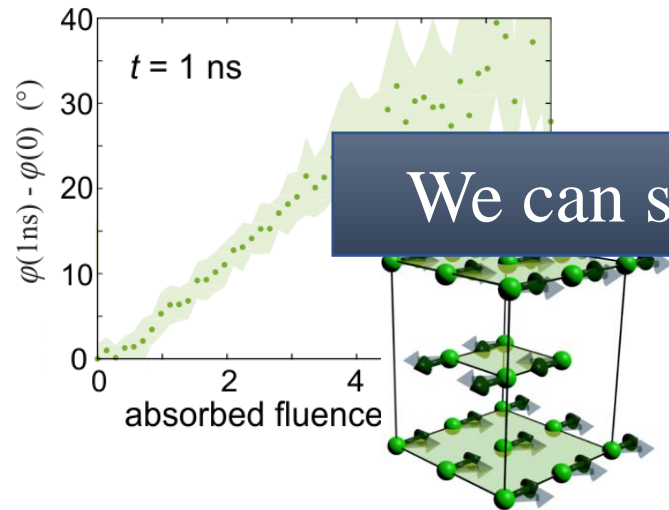
**Angular momentum transfer rate**

Units:  $\mu_B/ps$

Spin dynamics are governed by RKKY, which can be controlled by 4f filling,

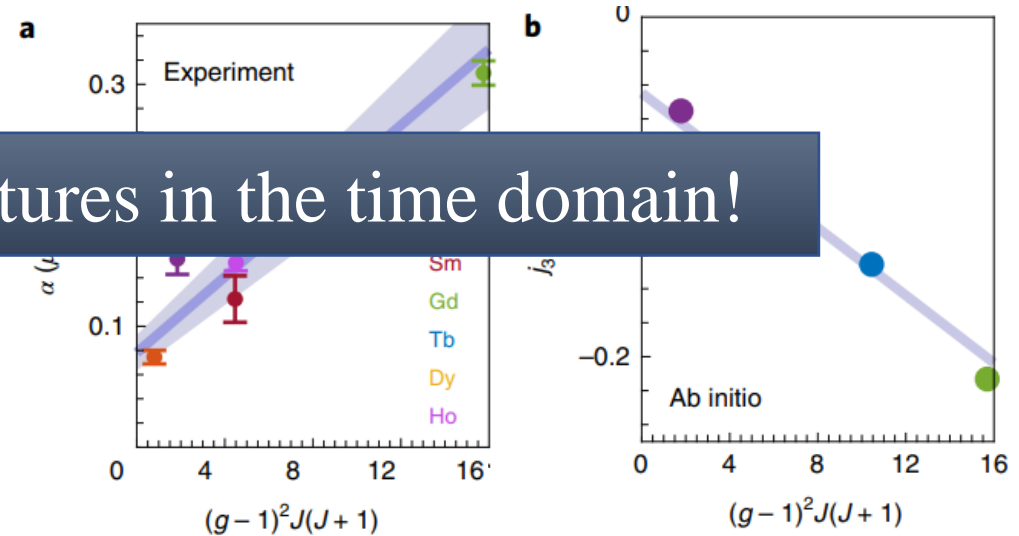
# Summary

**Deterministic control**  
of the long-range AF order



We can solve spin structures in the time domain!

**Scaling of angular momentum transfer rates**  
4f filling controls spin dynamics



Windsor et al., Commun. Physics 3, 139 (2020)

Windsor et al., Nat. Mater. (2022).

Shameless advertising: lattice dynamics in NiO

Windsor et al. PRL 126, 147202 (2021)

# Thanks

Thank you for your attention!



Laurenz Rettig  
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Ralph Ernstorfer  
Martin Wolf



Arthur Ernst



Urs Staub



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Niko Pontius  
Torsten Kachel



Denis Vyalikh  
Evgueni Chulkov



Cornelius Krellner  
Kristin Kleimt



Danny Thonig



Kurt Kummer



Olle Eriksson  
Vladislav Borisov

Do I have time to make backups?



