

#### IAEA Activities in Support of Research Reactors

#### Ram Sharma Head, Research Reactor Section

RROG 2019, 30<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting 14-17 May, Institut für Kernchemie, TRIGA Forschungsreaktor Mainz (FRMZ)



#### **Outline**

- Introduction
- Current Status of Research Reactors
- IAEA activities:
  - Objectives
  - RR infra-structure and capacity building
  - Operation, Maintenance, Upgrades
  - Utilization and Application
  - Fuel Cycle and HEU minimization
  - IAEA Safety Program for Research Reactors
- Conclusions

# **IAEA RRDB Overview**



<mark>21 Sep 2018</mark>

Status	Developed Countries	Developing Countries	All Countries	
Planned	2	12	13	818 built
Under construction	4	5	9	
Operational	140	86	226	
Temporary shutdown	8	5	13	
Extended shutdown	5	8	13	
Permanent shutdown	42	14	56	
Under decommissioning	63	4	67	
Decommissioned	413	29	443	
Total	677	163	840	

# IAEA RRDB Overview







# **IAEA RRDB Overview**

#### Ageing status

60% of operating RRs are over 40 years old.

43 % of operating RRs are more than 50 years old.



IAEA 21 Sep 2018

Old RRs: Difficult to manage and or replace

Ageing Management, Modernization and refurbishment

#### **New RR Projects: tentative overview**



Phase 1 (Consideration)	Phase 2 (Preparatory Work)		
Azerbaijan Ethiopia Ghana Kenya Malaysia Mongolia Myanmar Tajikistan Philippines Nigeria Saudi Arabia (Multipurpose RR)	Bangladesh Belarus Belgium Bolivia China (2) Japan The Netherlands Tajikistan Thailand USA Total:13 Viet Nam Zambia		
South Africa	Phase 3 (Implementation)		
Sudan Tanzania Tunisia	Argentina (2) Brazil Total:12 France		

Total:16

tina (2) Total:12 India (2) **Republic of Korea Russian Federation (3)** Saudi Arabia (Low Power RR) Ukraine (subcrit)

2019



New RR more geared towards Education and Training or Radioisotope production

### **RR stakeholders and users**





## **Objectives**

- To support Member States in ensuring sustainable operation and effective utilization of existing research reactors on long term basis with enhanced safety, availability and reliability
- To support Member States in nuclear capacity building based on the use of and access to RRs
- To support Member States in planning and implementing new research reactor projects, including the development of their national infrastructure

# **Organization for IAEA RR Program**



# **IAEA Activities for RRs**



- Consultancy Meetings specific focus
- Technical Meetings
- Training Workshops / Training Courses
- International Conferences and Symposia
- Coordinated Research Projects (CRP)
- Peer Review Missions and Expert Missions
- Establishment of networks and coalitions
- Technical Cooperation projects related to RRs
- NDE and ISI support
- Publications (standards, guidance, and other documents)
- IAEA Databases
  - ✓ RRDB (Research Reactors Database)
  - ✓ RRADB (Research Reactors Ageing Database)
  - ✓ RRMPDB (Research Reactors Material Properties Database)
- Technical Working Group on RRs

# **IAEA Activities for RRs**



- Peer Review Missions to provide advice and assistance to MSs
  - ✓ OMARR

(Operations and Maintenance Assessment of Research Reactors)

✓ INIR-RR

(Integrated Nuclear Infrastructure Review of Research Reactors)

✓ INSARR

(Integrated Nuclear Safety Assessment of Research Reactors)

✓ IRRUR

٠

(Integrated Research Reactors Utilization Review)

#### Establishment of networks and coalitions;

- ✓ Nuclear safety networks,
- ✓ Regional advisory safety committees,
- ✓ Internet Reactor Laboratory (IRL),
- ✓ Int'l Centres based on Research Reactors (ICERR)
- ✓ EERRI group fellowship course
- ✓ Regional Research Reactor Schools

## **Operation, Maintenance, Upgrade**

#### Bases:

- Adequate life management programmes (ageing management and refurbishment/upgradation programmes).
- Adequate O&M plans & management system.
- Funding reduction for such facilities and limited succession planning, development, implementation of sound O&M, life management programmes.
- Two thirds of the RRs are in permanent shut-down state and need decommissioning.

#### **Objectives**; To assist MSs in developing and implementing

Operation and Maintenance plans to improve facility's operational performances and in establishing Integrated Management Systems

DACCORD

Project

 Ageing Management and Renovation/Upgrade programmes for facility's life management

Decommissioning

Ageing Management Data Base



Age Distribution of Research Re

OMARR and

**INSARR** reviews

Number of Reactors



# **Technical Meetings**



- Ageing Management, Refurbishment and Modernization of research reactors (every two-years, held in Oct 2017, next in 2020 with IGORR)
- Upgrades to Digital Instrumentation and Control Systems for Research Reactors (every two years, held in Jul 2017, next in July 2019)
- Good Operating Practices and sharing of experience (held in Oct, 2018; next 2019/2020)
- International Conference on Research Reactors: Addressing Challenges and Opportunities to Ensure Effectiveness and Sustainability (25–29 November 2019, Buenos Aires, Argentina)
- ISI, NDE and On Line Monitoring (OLM) techniques (every two-year; June 2018)
- Integrated Management Systems (IMS) (every two-year; planned in 2019)
- Planning for decommissioning / Managing transition from permanent shut down to decommissioning

# **OMARR review missions**



- Provides advice to Member States in enhancing the performance of research reactors by identifying areas for improvement, addressing specific operational challenges and creating a space for sharing experiences and good practices.
- Pre-OMARR A preparatory Mission of 2–3 days
- Main OMARR main mission of 5–7 days
- Post-OMARR follow up mission of 3-5 days if required by the facility
- Outcome: More efficient and reliable long-term operation of a research reactor with improved safety culture and optimum utilization of human and financial resources.

## **Support to Infrastructure Development**

#### Bases:

- Planning or building the first RR in several MSs.
- Establishment of national infrastructure to ensure that national and international commitments and obligations, particularly regarding safety, security, safeguards and emergency preparedness, are met during construction, operation and decommissioning

## Objectives:

 planning and implementing new RR projects, including the assessment and development of their national nuclear infrastructure, Milestones approach, INIR – RR peer review mission and follow-up









#### Step Wise Approach

From Considering a new RR to Decommissioning



FIG. 1. Research reactor project and infrastructure development programme.

#### Access to Research Reactor Nuclear Capacity Building based on Research Reactors





<u>Distance Training</u>: Internet Reactor Laboratory (IRL)

Basic Training: Regional Research Reactor Schools

To support Member States,
to operate Research Reactors
to develop nuclear competences
to embark into a national nuclear programme.





Intermediate Training: EERRI Group Fellowship Course

Advanced Training at International Centres based on Research Reactors (ICERRs)





- Connects through internet an operating research reactor Host reactor to Guest institutions, generally Universities within the same region.
- Opportunity to add a practical component to academic programmes in nuclear engineering and nuclear physics, when access to an operating research reactor in the country is not feasible.
- 5 or 6 half day sessions broadcasted every year (Approach to criticality, rod calibration, temperature effect, ...)
- Sessions broadcasted 2016, 2017 & 2018 (in 3 years, 175 students form 7 MSs),
- Latin America, CNEA-RA6 (Argentina) to Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador
- Europe + Africa, CEA-ISIS (France) to Belarus, Lithuania, Tanzania, Tunisia









#### **Activities Planned in 2019:**

 VR-1 in Czech Republic to Replace CEA-ISIS (shut down since Dec 2018, termination of agreement under processing)

- signing of agreements between new host and old guests (Lithuania, Belarus, Tanzania, Tunisia)
- Shifting of equipment from ISIS to VR-1 or new one
- First Transmission in Q4/2019
- Africa: MA1 in Morocco as host and Kenya and South Africa as Guests
  - Agreements signed (2018)
  - Equipment and Software delivered
  - Orientation workshop and first Transmission during Q3 2019
- Far East: AGN-201 K in Republic of Korea as host and Mongolia, Azerbaijan and Philippines as guests
  - Agreements signed (2017 and 2018)
  - Equipment and Software delivered
  - Orientation workshop and first Transmission during Q3 2019.



#### Activities Planned in 2019:

- South East Asia and Pacific: Indonesia
  - Universities within the country
  - Probable Hosts in future
     MEPhI (Russian Fed)
  - Probabale Guests in Future
    - Bolivia, Bulgaria, Poland, Niger, Senegal, Zambia, Niger, Sudan, Ethiopia, Tanzania, Rwanda, Ghana, Myanmar, Tajikistan, Uruguay, Jamaica, Spain, Senegal

# **ICERR Scheme**





## **ICERRs**



- Designated ICERRs (Four):
  - CEA (France) in 2015
  - SSC RIAR (Russian Federation) in 2016
  - SCK-CEN (Belgium)
  - US DOE ORNL-INL (USA) at GC 2017,
- Under Consideration:
  - KAERI, Republic of Korea
  - ICN in Pitesti, Romania

# **Utilization and Applications**



#### Bases:

- Efficient utilization and well management for sustainable operations.
- Strategic planning and Considerations on repurposing a RR



# <sup>99</sup>Mo → <sup>99</sup>mTc

#### **Objectives:**

- Enhancing RR utilization for applications, such as isotope production, use of neutron beams, irradiation and analytical services, material characterization and testing, nuclear education and training,
- To assist RR centres in development of user communities and industrial partnership

# **Addressing Fuel Cycle Issues**

### **Objectives:**

- Assurance of fresh fuel supply
- Development and qualification high density LEU fuel (for high power RR core conversion from HEU to LEU).
- Assistance to MSs, upon request, with the Core conversion from HEU to LEU Fuel and repatriation of SNF to its country of origin.
- Safe, reliable and economic management of Spent Nuclear Fuel (SNF) and back end options.









## **Safety issues**



- Identification of safety issues and challenges.
- Update of programme and activities.

#### Main sources of information;

- Feedback from 'Code of Conduct' meetings;
  - Self-assessments by 40 countries International Meeting on Code of Conduct (2017) and the areas needing improvements are identified.
  - Main areas needing improvements: Resources (human and financial); Safety assessment; Decommissioning planning; Ageing management; Management system, and Culture for safety.
- Feedback from IAEA safety reviews.
- Feedback from the IRSRR;
  - Human Factors and Component Ageing are the two most important root causes of the incidents reported to the IRSRR.



## **IAEA Safety Program for RRs**



- Application of the IAEA Safety Standards will help for the highest level of safety.
- The IAEA programme on the safety of RRs gives priority to the development and promotion of proper use of the IAEA Safety Standards through:
  - Maintaining and expanding worldwide application of the Code of Conduct and the IAEA safety standards;
  - Supporting on ageing management and fuel cycle facilities;
  - Enhancing regulatory effectiveness, including infrastructure for the first research reactor projects;
  - Monitoring safety under Project and Supply Agreements 27 research reactors in 23 countries;
  - Supporting on safety reassessments following the Fukushima accident;
  - Improving management of the interface between safety and security;
  - Improving exchange of operating experience through Incident Reporting System for Research Reactors (IRSRR) and networking.

### Conclusions



- RRs are indispensable tools to support R&D, applications in industry, medicine and agriculture, and human resource development - needed for the next 50 years or more.
- Agency support available to Member States in all aspects of RRs starting from Design to Decommissioning
- The focus will be on
  - Enhancing safety, operational performance and utilization of RRs.
  - Managing transition between permanent shut down and decommissioning
  - Decommissioning of permanently shut-down RRs
  - Enhancing regional cooperation, networking and sharing of available resources and experience.



# **Only One Option**

#### **Increase international cooperation**

#### **Facilitate access to research reactor**

#### **Ensure best use of existing limited assets**

#### The IAEA is committed to help !



# Thank you!

